



مجموعة العمل من أجل فلسطينيي سورية  
Action Group For Palestinians of Syria

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## التقرير اليومي

الخاص بأوضاع اللاجئين الفلسطينيين في سورية

Daily report on the situation of Palestinian refugees in Syria



**"United Nations: The Syrian regime is preventing the entrance of assistance to Yarmouk camp"**

- Heavy air and artillery bombardments target Yarmouk camp, amid ongoing clashes
- Second batch of displaced persons from the towns of south Damascus leave towards the Syrian north
- With their lenses, members of the regime steal the houses of Yarmouk camp
- An appeal to provide for the treatment of a displaced Palestinian-Syrian in Lebanon

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## Latest Developments

Jan Egeland, Special Adviser to the UN Special Envoy in Syria, Staffan de Mistura said that the Syrian regime is banning the entrance of any assistance into Yarmouk camp for Palestinian refugees in the capital Damascus, adding that the crisis in Syria has not ended and that it has moved to other places.

He told a press conference at the UN office in Geneva yesterday, that the United Nations appealed several times to the Syrian regime to send humanitarian aid to Yarmouk camp and Ghouta, however the regime did not provide the necessary permissions.



He pointed to the continuation of the Syrian regime's attacks on the province of Idlib, and Yarmouk camp, and referred to the displacement of people from many areas, especially from the eastern Ghouta to Idlib, warning that that humanitarian agencies in Idlib face many difficulties.

In the same context, Yarmouk camp for Palestinian refugees in Damascus was subjected to heavy shelling by aircrafts and heavy artilleries, aimed at different areas.



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In south Damascus, sounds of violent explosions were heard, resulting from the targeting of the Syrian regime the neighborhood of Al-Hajar Al-Aswad, neighboring to Yarmouk camp, with a number of surface-to-surface missiles 'elephant'.

This coincided with the assertion by the media of the regime, of the expansion of the regime's army to its points of control in Al-Hajar Al-Aswad, where its members managed to separate Yarmouk camp from Al-Hajar Al-Aswad, the day before yesterday.

Hundreds of civilian families still living in Yarmouk camp and Al-Hajar Al-Aswad, are being subjected to bombardments and a tight siege, in the absence of relief services and foodstuffs and amidst a lack of field information, as a result of the tense situation on the ground and the need for a number of activists to leave the camp and Al-Hajar Al-Aswad, fearing ISIS's practices and the Syrian regime's bombardments.

In conjunction with the violent shelling, violent clashes continue between the forces of the Syrian regime and members of ISIS, in Yarmouk camp and Al-Hajar Al-Aswad since the day before yesterday.

The Syrian regime had launched a massive military campaign targeting the neighborhoods of Yarmouk camp, Al-Qadam and Al-Hajar Al-Aswad, since the 19th of April, causing great destruction to the civilian houses and the death of at least 33 Palestinian refugees.



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Meanwhile, the second convoy of displaced persons from the south of Damascus left for the Syrian north yesterday afternoon. 11 buses carried a total of 618 people; 240 men, 254 women and 124 children.

Activists in south Damascus said that at least 50 buses were supposed to enter yesterday, however, the regime's forces argued that there were insufficient buses.

This comes within the framework of the settlement agreement concluded between the Syrian regime and the Syrian opposition forces, which provides for the complete exit of the militants from the towns of south Damascus to northern Syria, after handing over their weapons and equipment.



The first batch of displaced people had left the day before yesterday, including a number of Palestinian refugees who decided to flee to the north, for lack of guarantees for their endurance in the south of Damascus.



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According to our correspondent, about two thousand Palestinian refugees registered their names on the lists of displaced people from south Damascus to the Syrian north.

In the meantime, media outlets close to the Syrian regime have been circulating on social networking sites, a video clip documenting the members of the regime while stealing civilian houses in Yarmouk camp, south of Damascus, in a phenomena known as exaggeration.

The video, taken by a reporter close to the regime, shows the transfer of electrical appliances and household equipment and assembling them in and around the area of Al-Reija, after the displacement of the members of Hayat Tahrir Al-Sham from it, to the north of Syria.

The people of Yarmouk camp were displaced from their camp, after the Syrian regime's bombardment did not allow them to return or take their personal belongings from their houses. Large areas of the camp have been destroyed because of its targeting with thousands of missiles and rockets by the regime's forces and militias, which is still continuing in the areas of ISIS's control in Yarmouk camp, Al-Hajar Al-Aswad, Al-Tadamon and Al-Qadam.

In Lebanon, the parents of ill, Palestinian-Syrian, "Ahmed Samer Hussien," appealed to the relief Societies, National Work Committees, the Palestinian Embassy in Lebanon and UNRWA, to provide care and help to treat their son.

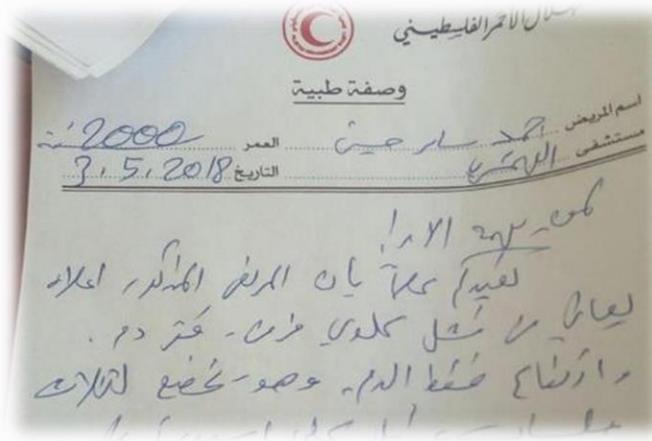
The family displaced from Syria to Lebanon suffers from poor living and economic conditions and are unable to afford his treatment



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expenses. Hussien's family said that their 18-year-old son suffers from chronic renal failure, anemia and high blood pressure, and is subject to three kidney dialysis sessions per week.

Hospitalization is one of the most prominent obstacles and problems faced by the displaced Palestinian-Syrians and Syrians in Lebanon, while the shortage of hospital services remains high, especially following the weakness of the activity of local organizations and bodies, amid the continuation of the war in Syria.



### **Palestinians of Syria: May 04, 2018 Statistics:**

- The total number of victims documented by the Action Group is 3735, including 467 women
- 1676 Palestinians are locked up behind Syrian government's bars, 106 of which are women
- Yarmouk refugee camp is under the Syrian regime army and Popular Front for the Liberation of Palestine's siege for 1,750 days in a row
- 206 refugees, mainly in Yarmouk Camp, have died due to lack of medical care and malnutrition



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- Water supplies have been cut off Deraa Camp for 1485 days, and 1334 days in Yarmouk Camp
- The Regime army has been in control of Handarat camp for more than 581 days. More than 80% of its buildings have been completely or partially destroyed.
- Approximately 85 thousand Palestinian-Syrian refugees fled to Europe by the end of 2016, while 31 thousand refugees are estimated to be in Lebanon, 17 thousand refugees are sheltered in Jordan, 6 thousand refugees are in Egypt, 8 thousand refugees are staying in Turkey, and one thousand Palestinian-Syrians are in Gaza.