



مجموعة العمل من أجل فلسطينيي سورية
Action Group For Palestinians of Syria

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الخاص بأوضاع اللاجئين الفلسطينيين في سورية

Daily report on the situation of Palestinian refugees in Syria



"Palestinians from Syria Denied Refugee Rights in Sudan"

- 2 Palestinian Refugees Killed in Syria
- Rally Staged by Displaced Palestinians North of Syria in Solidarity with Daraa
- Photo Exhibition in Germany Shows Horror of Torture in Syrian Dungeons
- 200,000 Refugees with Subsidiary Protection Status to Benefit from Family Reunification

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Victims

Palestinian refugee Mohamed AlMesri, from AlHusainiya Camp, in Rif Dimashq, died under torture in Syrian government jails, bringing the number of victims of torture to 519.

AlMesri was kidnapped by Fatah AlIntifada and the Popular Front for the Liberation of Palestine – General Command from Jaramana Camp on June 22, 2018. He was turned in to the Palestine Branch on the Jaramana access road shortly afterwards.

Another Palestinian refugee—Ubada Abdul Rahman Hasan—was killed as he fought alongside the Syrian government troops in Daraa, south of Syria.



Latest Developments

1,000 Palestinian refugees from Syria in Sudan have launched cries for help over the dire conditions they have been subjected to as a result of poverty and lack of financial resources.

Several refugees have been left with no other choice than to beg in the streets as they rummaged around for money to feed their starved children.



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Palestinians from Syria in Sudan are not granted a refugee status and are, thus, deprived of their basic rights and subjected to costly visa fees. The lack of relief aid and humanitarian assistance has made life unbearable for the Palestinians of Syria in Sudan.

Palestinians fleeing war-torn Syria to Sudan have spoken out against the apathy maintained by the Palestine Embassy as regards their calamitous situation and the difficulties they have been made to endure trying to obtain a Palestinian passport.



Dozens of families who fled to Libya, in a life-threatening journey via the Sudanese desert, attempting to head for Europe onboard the “death boats”, have fallen prey to arbitrary abductions, exploitation, and looting by human traffickers and sea gangsters.

Palestinians from Syria in Sudan have also been subjected to steep education fees, hitting up to \$150 at schools and \$3,000 at universities. Calls have been frequently launched to integrate Palestinian children into UNICEF-run schools.



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Most of the Palestinians from Syria are registered with the UN's health support program.

Meanwhile, displaced Palestinians and Syrians seeking shelter in AlBal Camp, in Aleppo's suburbs, north of Syria, rallied in solidarity with the residents of Daraa, south of Syria.

The rally-goers condemned the massacres perpetrated by the Syrian and Russian forces against civilians in Daraa.

Located in Aleppo's northern outskirts, AlBal Camp is home to hundreds of families displaced from Eastern Ghouta, in Rif Dimashq.



In the meantime, photos of victims of torture in Syrian lock-ups were put on display in an exhibition held in Stuttgart, south of Germany. The photos were leaked by a Syrian military police breakaway, codenamed Caesar.

The exhibition held by the Caesar group and co-sponsored by Heinrich Böll Foundation, among other groups, kick-started on Tuesday, June 26, 2018, in an attempt to reach out to victims'



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families and corroborate torture affidavits from Syrian government penitentiaries.

In another development, 200,000 refugees, mostly from Syria, are expected to benefit from a law green-lighted by the German State Council on Friday following a debate on a draft resolution put forth by the Bundestag on June 15. The law rules for regulating family reunification procedures for refugees holding subsidiary protection status. 60,000 persons are slated to join their families as part of the newly-adopted law.

The measures opted for by the State Council will come into force as of August 1. Around 1,000 persons per month will be allowed to reunite with their families. Wives, minor children, and fathers of minors who arrived in Germany unaccompanied by their relatives can apply to benefit from the reunification bill.