



## التقرير اليومي الخاص بأوضاع اللاجئين الفلسطينيين في سورية

Daily report on the situation of Palestinian refugees in Syria

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### *"Sinking of 11 Refugees Including Women and Children Off One of the Greek Islands"*



- Migration of doctors of Al-Neirab camp negatively affects the health services.
- Al-Amal Campaign announces preparation of food aid for the displaced people of Yarmouk.
- Releasing one refugee from Al-Muziereb town.
- FIDDER discusses with the Turkish AK Party the legal status of Palestinian Syrians in Turkey.
- Dutch University of Amersfoort hosts a symposium titled "Twice as refugee, from Palestine, and then from Syria".

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## **GREECE**

*Greek Coast Guard announced that 11 refugees, including two children and five women died, and 13 others counted as lost on Tuesday night, after the sinking of their wood boat off the Farmakonisi Greek Island in the Aegean Sea. The Greek police said that 26 immigrants had been rescued while further investigations southeast of the Aegean are still in progress to find the others.*

*Testimonies stated that the boat which sailed from Turkey sank for unknown reasons, knowing that neither strong winds nor waves registered that night, also the nationalities of those victims were not specified yet.*

*It is worth mentioning that the Turkish coast are considered to be the major starting point for hundreds of boats carrying refugees fleeing the war in Syria to Europe.*



## **RECENT UPDATES**

*Al-Nayrab camp in Aleppo suffers from the migration of medical staff from all specialties, where 17 doctors had migrated from the camp since the beginning of the conflict and 5 remained only according to AGPS*



*correspondent all of them work in Palestine Hospital which is the only hospital in the camp that performs surgeries and offers medical services to the people of the camp and nearby towns, but the hospital is not authorized officially that's why it is more likely to be closed anytime. The Hospital which used to work in obstetrics only contracted with a number of doctors from the city of Aleppo to carry out other specialties and surgical operations after the beginning of the conflict.*

*There are other medical centers in the camp such as the UNRWA's center which offers only simple medical services, also, the cultural center of the camp has been turned into a temporary medical clinic after the beginning of the war. However, the camp still lacks medical services, and the poisoning incidents that occurred on 27 July 2015 inside the camp and not discovering its causes until now shows the reality of the health field in Al-Nayrab camp.*

*Moving to south Damascus, "Al-Amal Campaign" announced that its food aid for displaced people from the Yarmouk refugee camp in the towns of Yalda and Babbila will be distributed soon.*



*Campaign members such as "The Charity Organization" has prepared 1000 food basket, while the Malaysian " Viva Palestine Organization" has secured 1500 milk cans.*

*It is noteworthy that the people of the Yarmouk camp are facing hard living situations under the siege imposed on them, where the regime's*



*army and militias of the PFLP-GC continue the siege of the camp for the day 891 respectively, and electricity cut for more than a 961 days, and water cut for 451 days. Those militias prevent people from returning back to their homes, in addition to the existence of ISIS forces inside the camp, which caused more migration to the nearby areas.*

*In a different context, the APGS correspondent in Daraa Syria assures the release of the Palestinian refugee "Mohammed Khaled Hussein" (40 years) who lives in Al-Muzeireeb, after the being arrested for more than three months in the Syrian regime's prisons.*

*The AGPS has documented the names of 12 Palestinian detainees from Al-Muzeireeb Daraa in the Syrian regime's prisons including one Palestinian woman still unaccounted for until this moment. On the other hand, the people of Al-Muzeireeb suffer from severe living crises, due to the high prices and the lack of water and the continuing electricity and water cuts for long periods of time.*

## **TURKEY**

*Delegation from Fiddler "The Turkish Organization in Solidarity with Palestine" discussed with "Dr. Fateh Tuna" the foreign relations officer in Turkish AK party, the legal status of Palestinian Syrian refugees displaced to Turkey, this happened during a visit to Istanbul Division to congratulate winning the last elections. The two sides talked about the situation and the developments of the Palestinian uprising, especially in Jerusalem, and the blockade of Gaza and the suffering of Gazans who are facing tough conditions.*



*Mr. Mohammad Mushinish, the director of Fidder, pointed out the sufferings of the Palestinian Syrian refugees in Turkey, explaining different aspects of their sufferings during their way to Turkey. From his part; Dr.Fateh asked for extra data about this issue to be handled within the AK party's meetings and to be discussed to find the appropriate solutions to this humanitarian issue.*



*Mr. Mushinish earlier had called for concerted efforts to serve Palestinians in Turkey, and to reach full coordination with the Turkish authorities to allow Palestinian refugees to obtain visas legally rather than to risk themselves through smuggling, and to facilitate the procedures of obtaining Palestinian Authority passports for refugees and to be free.*

*According to unofficial statistics; the approximate number of Palestinian Syrian refugees in Turkey, estimated at 6000-8000 refugees live in province of Istanbul and central and southern Turkey provinces according to the report of "The Palestinians of Syria.. bloody diary and inaudible screaming" issued by the AGPS last August.*



*It is noteworthy that the Turkish authorities continue preventing Palestinian Syrians from obtaining entry visas via its embassies especially in Lebanon.*

### **NETHERLANDS**

*Amersfoort University in the Netherlands' city of Utrecht hosted a symposium under the title of "Twice as a refugee, refugee from Palestine and then from Syria", which highlighted the Palestinian Syrian refugees issue, life before and during the events of the war and the trip towards Europe for asylum.*

*During the symposium, two Palestinian refugees "Mamoun Abu Nasser" and "Nawras Ali" along with the drama professor Rene Paulinga spoke to the university audience about their experience as Palestinian Syrians, gave an overview of lives of Palestinian refugees before and during the war, and the reasons for the Palestinian refugees to leave Syria, passing through the "death trip" towards the European countries, and how the Netherlands government and people dealt positively with the refugees.*

*It is noteworthy that the Palestinian communities in Europe are active through art exhibitions, conferences and seminars to deliver the suffering of the Palestinian refugees' image, as well as to preserve the identity of the Palestinian refugees and keep their issue active and alive.*

*There is no official statistics for the number of the Palestinian Syrian refugees who arrived to Europe during the conflict in Syria, but the*



*AGPS reports mentioned that approximately 36,000 Palestinian Syrian refugees claimed asylum in European countries.*



### ***Palestinians of Syria in numbers and statistics Until 8 December 2015***

- *15,500 Palestinian Syrian refugees in Jordan, 45,000 Palestinian Syrian refugees in Lebanon, and 6,000 refugees in Egypt, according to the UNRWA's statistics till July 2015.*
- *More than 36,000 Palestinian Syrian refugees have arrived Europe during the last 4 years.*
- *The Yarmouk Camp: still under siege imposed by the Syrian Regime's Army and PFLP-GC (Popular Front for the Liberation of Palestine – General Command), continued for 891 days respectively. In addition, power cuts continued for more than 961 days, water cut for 451 days. The number of victims due to the siege has reached to 184 victims .*
- *Al Sbeina Camp: Syrian Regime's Army still preventing the residents from returning back to their houses for 752 days respectively.*



<http://www.facebook.com/ActGroup.PalSyria>

- *Handarat Camp: All of its residents have left the camp for 953 days after the Syrian Opposition Groups controlled it.*
- *Dara'a Camp: Water cut continues for 597 days, and 70% of its buildings were destroyed.*
- *Jarmana, AL Saieda Zainab, Al Raml, Al Aedein Homs and Aedein Hamma: A relatively quiet situations in light of the economic crises.*
- *Khan Al Sheih Camp: Roads linking the camp to the city center are still closed except for Zakia- Khan Al Shieh road.*