



التقرير اليومي الخاص بأوضاع اللاجئين الفلسطينيين في سورية

Daily report on the situation of Palestinian refugees in Syria

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"A Widespread Panic in Khan Al- Sheih Because of Unprecedented Airstrikes"



- Syrian security arrests one Palestinian child in Daraa and releases one refugee after two years of arrest.
- "Abdullah Al Khatib" an activist wins "Per Anger", a Swedish prize for human rights
- Syrian war forbids thousands of Palestinian children from education.
- High rents and poor services aggravate the suffering of people in Jarmana Camp.

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Recent Updates

AGPS reporter confirmed that Khan Al-Sheih's outskirts have been exposed to heavy and unprecedented shelling by aircrafts and artilleries.

Military aircrafts and helicopters were flying heavily in the area. The reporter stated that aircrafts had launched 7 raids at least on the camp surroundings' in the same time of dropping explosive barrels. As a result, the area witnessed a wholesale destruction and fire all over the camp which led to a widespread panic among people.



Syrian regime forces, which were centered in Tal Al Qabosya, shot the camp using Shilka Tank. Horrendously, its bullets exploded on the roofs of the houses but no injuries were reported. Khan Al-Sheih- Zakia road has been shelled by artillery although it's the only outlet to the people of the camp since it provides them with foodstuffs and necessary needs.

Turning to another context, Syrian security arrested a 14-year-old Palestinian child from Daraa in the south of Syria called "Majde Zoraiqe".



AGPS statistics refer that the number of Palestinian refugees' prisoners from Daraa have reached (35) prisoners since the beginning of war in Syria. In fact, the real number is much bigger due to the secrecy of Syrian security and the reluctance of prisoners' families from documenting their sons' names fearing of the Syrian regime tyranny.

Syrian security releases "Ahmad mowafaq Qousad" after two years of arrest. It's good to mention that Qousad is a Palestinian refugee from Al Aedein camp and lives in Al Shamma lane.

Turning to Europe, The Living History Forum (in Swedish, Forum för levande historia) granted "Per Anger prize" for the year 2016, a Swedish prize for human rights, to the Palestinian Syrian activist "Abdullah Al Khatib" (27) years because of his brave struggle for human rights in Syria; he documents all the violations during the ongoing war putting himself in imminent danger and speaks for weak people.

The "Per Anger" prize will be handed in a special ceremony on Thursday 20 October.





The Palestinian Syrian Abdullah Al Khatib is considered to be one of the activists in Yarmouk and south Damascus. He has supervised different educational projects, survived from two attempts of kidnap, was injured after an attempt of assassination and his father is arrested because of his activities.

In different context, AGPS pointed in its last documentary report "Palestinians of Syria Between Travelling and Vanishing" that the educational process in UNRWA schools was affected because of disastrous circumstances in Syria. A lot of schools stopped working and the percentage of those students who were capable to learn deteriorated from 95% before the war to less than 75% in 2015.

UNRWA announced on its website that large percentage of Palestinian students in Syria had to leave their schools; because of poverty, unemployment and inability to secure food or a place for living.

According the report, education is the most significant service which UNRWA provides for Palestinian refugees in Syria. The education program in Syria used to employ 118 basic schools before the war. Unfortunately, only 42 of them are working now in addition to the 43 extra schools which are provided by the Syrian Ministry of Education. The report confirmed that the struggle in Syria limited a lot of chances for young men and children to be educated. Fearing of being killed or arrested are main obstacles which prevent secondary students' from proceeding their education.

Turning to Damascus countryside, people of Jarmana live a state of relatively calm, however, they also suffer from severe lack of basic and



infrastructure services'. In addition to the high rents of houses within the increasing demand because of the huge number of displaced people which reflects negatively on their way of living.

Moreover, unemployment percentages' rise while the aids from UNRWA and charities decline. Jarmana receives about 5000 displaced families from different camps that witness bloody events like, Yarmouk, Hosseinieh, AL Sayeda -Zeinab, Sabina and Theyabia camps.

It's good to remind that Jarmana didn't witness a lot of violence since it locates beside the Syrian regime control. However, sometimes it witnesses some shells because of its near location from Damascus international airport and the eastern Ghouta. The number of victims in the camp had reached 40 victims till the end of June 2016.

Palestinians of Syria; Numbers and Statistics until 1/10/2016

- *(15500) Palestinian Syrian refugees are in Jordan.*
- *(42,500) Palestinian Syrian refugees are in Lebanon.*
- *(6000) Palestinian Syrian refugees are in Egypt, according to the UNRWA statistics till July 2015.*
- *(8000) Palestinian Syrian refugees are in Turkey.*
- *(1000) Palestinian Syrian refugees are in Gaza.*
- *More than (79,000) Palestinian Syrian refugees have reached Europe till mid-2016.*
- *Yarmouk Camp: siege, imposed by the Regime's Army and PFGC groups, continued for (1201) consecutive days. Power cut continued*



<http://www.facebook.com/ActGroup.PalSyria>

for more than (1262) days. water was cut for (752) days respectively.

The number of siege victims is (187).

- *Sabina Camp: Regime's Army is still forbidding the residents of the camp to return back to their houses for (1054) days respectively.*
- *Handarat Camp: - All Residents have left the camp for about (1246) days after the Syrian Opposition Groups controlled it.*
- *Daraa Camp: - It is now almost (904) days without water and almost 70% of its buildings were totally destroyed.*
- *Jarmana, AL Sayeda -Zeinab, Al Raml, Al Aedein Camps in Homs and Hama: A relatively quiet situation in light of the economic crises.*
- *Khan Al Sheih Camp: Roads linking the camp to the city center are still closed except for Zakia- Khan Al Sheih road.*