



التقرير اليومي الخاص بأوضاع اللاجئين الفلسطينيين في سورية

Daily report on the situation of Palestinian refugees in Syria

TUESDAY 03-05-2016

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"The AGPS issues a Statistical Report about the Palestinian Syrian Victims, Detainees, and Displaced people till March 2016"



- A Palestinian Refugee Dies due to shelling at Al Sad road Southern Syria
- People of Yarmouk in Solidarity with People of Aleppo under the title of "Aleppo is Yarmouk"
- Targeting Zakia Khan Al Shieh Road in Light of escalating Suffering among Residents
- Announcement about the Start of Updating Data of the Palestinians of Syria Displaced in Ein Al Hilwa Camp
- Free Surgeries for the Palestinian Syrian and the Syrian Children in Lebanon

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AGPS

The AGPS issued a a documentary report entitled "detailed statistics for the Palestinian Syrian victims, detainees, and displaced refugees since March 2011, the beginning of events in Syria, until the end of March 2016. The report was a result of painstaking efforts and was done by the participation of a group of Palestinian activists over the past years since the beginning of the Syrian crisis in order to monitor and document the Palestinian victims, detainees, and missing refugees who were victims of the war in Syria.



The AGPS documented (3191) Palestinian Syrian victims were killed due to direct reasons such as bombing, clashes, torture in the prisons, explosions, and siege, and some others died due to indirect reasons such as sank while trying to reach Europe through the so-called "Death Boats."

The report shows that the proportion of children victims amounted to 6% of the total victims' number equivalent of 200 victims died during March 2011 till 2016. The report documented the detailed statistics of the Palestinian victims who died during the first quarter of 2016.



The report pointed out that 1751 victims were scattered on all Palestinian refugee camps in Syria, Daraa in the south, passing through Khan Dannon, Khan Al Shieh, Al Sayeda Zainab, the Yarmouk, Jaramana, Sbeina, Husseneia, Al Aedein camp in Homs and Hama, Al Raml camp, Handarat and Neirab in the north, as well as the victims who were killed outside their camps in various Syrian cities, and who have died outside Syria. The report documented the extraordinary reasons that led to the death of Palestinian refugees

The report characterized by detailed statistics of Palestinian detainees in prisons, where the AGPS monitoring and documentation team documented 1064 Palestinian detainees in Syrian prisons, as well as places of detention. The report also highlighted the detailed statistics of the displaced Palestinians who fled from their camps and homes to neighboring countries and some European countries from 2011/2016 and places of their distribution. According to the report, the total number of Palestinian Syrian refugees who have arrived in the EU countries from 2011-2015 has reached 71.206

The AGPS pointed out that the report concerns of documenting statistics of the Palestinian Syrian refugee victims since the beginning of events until the end of March 2016, which is not concerned with determining the actual doer.

Download the electronic version of the report through the following link:

http://actionpal.org.uk/ar/reports/special/3_2016c.pdf



Victims

The 19-year-Palestinian refugee, Khaled Yaser Al Hammad, died due to wounds after the Syrian regime targeted Al Sad road, which is inhabited with Palestinian families, in Deraa city southern of Syria.

The total toll of Palestinian refugees who died since the beginning of events in Syria has reached 3215 victims, according to the AGPS documented statistics.



Recent Updates

Under the title "Aleppo is Yarmouk," A number of activists in the besieged Yarmouk refugee camp implemented a sit-in to show their solidarity with the people of Aleppo yesterday, Sunday, 1 May. They showed discontent on the silence of the international community, considering what is happening in Aleppo "a crime against humanity, as they called on the international community to intervene immediately to stop violations against children, women, and innocent people in Syria.



Children of Yarmouk painted their faces with red to denote the massacres committed against the people of Aleppo as a result of the Syrian regime and Russian continuous shelling at the city. The children performed scenes mimic the humanitarian situation afflicting the people of Aleppo in moments of aerial bombardment, as an expression of sympathy with the victims.



The AGPS correspondent in Khan Al Shieh camp reported that a large number of youth are unemployed and always waiting for aid, for the fact that the majority are living in a semi-trapping zone.

He added that most youth are not working and have no source of livelihood except for only some aid provided by UNRWA and a number of relief organizations, which provide aid for a limit number of families, which is not enough, in addition to the aid provided by UNRWA every two or three months..

Turning to Lebanon, the Union of Islamic relief organizations announced the start of data update for the displaced Palestinian Syrians living in Ein Al Hilwa refugee camp, and who are registered starting from



Monday, 02.05.2016 until Saturday, 05/21/2016. The Union pointed out that the Palestinians of Syria should bring the registration card of the Islamic institutions Union, personal identities, or passports, and the original cards of entering Lebanon, stressing that updating data to be by (father, mother, one adult children, single,), noting that restrictions will be canceled for each person who has not update his data.

Union of Islamic relief organizations revealed, in the statistics prepared at the beginning of 2016, that the number of Palestinian families displaced from Syria in Ein Al Hilwa refugee camp in Sidon, southern Lebanon has reached about 870 families, noting that the number of families has dropped sharply, pointing out that the number of families lived in the camp in 2014 had reached 2,500 families, while the number decrease in 2015 to 1400 family, while at the beginning of 2016 the number has reached 870 families.

AGPS correspondent explained that the reason for the decline in numbers attributed to the tense security situation at Ein Al Hilwa camp between now and then, and to demand of Palestinians of Syria to leave the Palestinian camps in Lebanon seeking for humanitarian asylum in Western countries. Some families preferred to return to where it came as a result of the difficult living conditions and lack of services provided to them.

Meanwhile the Qatari Red Crescent, the Palestinian Red Crescent Society- Lebanon region- the Palestinian's children relief, and the Syrian American Medical Society announced the start of accepting free of charge cases of orthopedic surgery for Syrian and Palestinian children in



Lebanon, both in Beirut, Bekaa, Sidon, and Tripoli, noting that surgeries will be conducting free of charge in a phased manner starting from May until October 2016.



It is noteworthy that the hospitalization is one of the major challenges and problems faced by the displaced Palestinian Syrians and the Syrians in Lebanon, while they are still suffering from the severe lack of hospital services, especially after decreasing the number of organizations and local bodies, following the continuation of the war in Syria.

Palestinians of Syria; Numbers and Statistics till 02\05\2016:

- *15500 Palestinian Syrian refugees are in Jordan*
- *42.500 Palestinian Syrian refugees are in Lebanon*
- *6000 Palestinian Syrian refugees are in Egypt, according to the UNRWA statistics till July 2015*
- *8000 Palestinian Syrian refugees are in Turkey*
- *1000 Palestinian Syrian refugees are in Gaza*



<http://www.facebook.com/ActGroup.PalSyria>

- *More than 71.2 thousand Palestinian Syrian refugees have reached Europe till the End of December 2015*
- *The Yarmouk Camp: siege, imposed by the Regular Army and PFGC groups, continued for 1052 consecutive days. Power cut continued for more than 1113 days, water was cut for 602 days respectively. The number of siege victims is 186.*
- *Al Sbeina Camp: - Regular Army is still preventing the residents of the camp to return back to their houses for 906 days respectively.*
- *Handarat Camp: - All Residents have left the camp for about 1097 days after the Syrian Opposition Groups controlled it.*
- *Dara'a Camp: - It is now almost 759 days without water and almost 70% of its buildings were demolished.*
- *Jermana, AL Saieda ZAINAB, Al Raml, Al Aedein Camps in Homs and Hamma: - A relatively quiet situation in light of the economic crises.*
- *Khan Al Sheih Camp: - Roads linking the camp to the city center are still closed except for Zakia- Khan Al Sheih road.*