



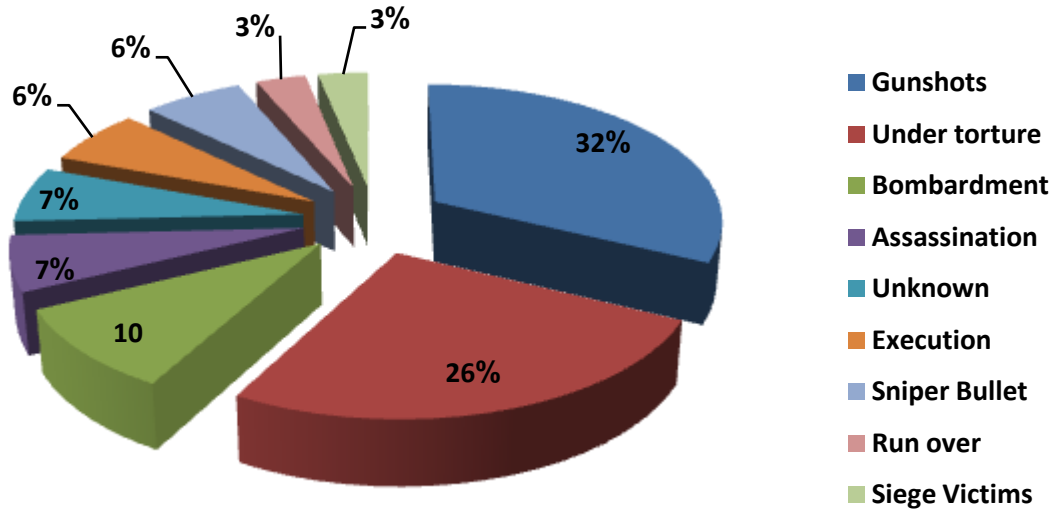
التقرير اليومي الخاص بأوضاع اللاجئين الفلسطينيين في سورية

Daily report on the situation of Palestinian refugees in Syria

TUESDAY 06-01-2015

NO.795

“AGPS: 31 Palestinian Refugees Died During December 2014, Including 8 Died Due to Torture”



- **Shelling and Clashes at the Yarmouk Camp.**
- **A Resident from Khan AL Shieh Camp was Arrested by the Members of Kawkab Checkpoint of the Regular Army.**
- **Libyan Authorities Prevent the Palestinians and the Syrians from Entering its Territory.**
- **Palestinian and Syrian Refugees Sit-in in a number of Greek Areas.**
- **The Palestinian Refugees still Live in Tents at Cyprus for the 4th month respectively.**

Email: Reports@actionpal.org

Mobile: 00447447423737

Phone: 00442084530919 00442084530994



Statistics

The documentation and monitoring team of the AGPS announced that it documented the names of 31 Palestinian refugees who were killed during December 2014, including 8 refugees died due to torture in the Syrian regime prisons, while 10 refugees died due to gun shot, 3 refugees died due to shelling, as 2 refugees were assassinated, and 1 refugee died because of the siege and the lack of medical care. Meanwhile, a group, affiliated to the armed Syrian opposition has executed each of "Marea Al Madani" first sergeant cleaved of the PLA and "Mohammed Abu Siam" from the Yarmouk camp in charges of insulting God, while two refugees died due to sniper shot, and a refugee died crushed.

Recent Updates

Shelling targeted the Yarmouk camp south of the Syrian capital Damascus, as the shelling targeted the opposition groups at Rama Street and the 30th Street at the southern entrance of the camp. The shelling coincided with violent clashes broke out between the Syrian regular army alongside with the Palestinian groups loyal to it with the armed opposition groups, the clashes broke out at all hostilities axes.

Explosion sound were heard at Palestine square area, turned out to be, according to what was broadcasted at the Syrian opposition websites, that it was caused by an explosive bomb near Babila checkpoint- Sidi Meqdad in order to assassinate Sheikh Ridwan Kuhail, former member of the reconciliation committee in Babila town.

In terms of breaking the Yarmouk siege initiatives, "Ratib Shihab", the Secretary of the Yarmouk Palestinian branch of the Palestinian organization of Al Baath Party, has called the Palestinian leadership to "take standardized crucial decisions to terminate the Yarmouk refugee camp and other Palestinian camps crisis" and not to continue to "aseptic negotiation".

In a related context, the civic council at the Yarmouk camp called to stop tampering and disregard for the fate of the Yarmouk refugee camp citizens, and stressed, through his website, that (the national duty is now



requires from the PLO factions and the factions of the national labor to move before that there will be a great disaster in the camp.



Yarmouk camp

Meanwhile, the siege, imposed by the Syrian regular army and Palestinian groups loyal to it on the Yarmouk camp, is still continuous for 549 days, while the food and health aids, provided by UNRWA, is still suspended for the 4th week respectively, forcing people to resort to agricultural areas eating the grass and collect what grown from those plantings.

Moreover, the water is still cut all over the camp for 119 days, amid news about the infection of about 30 person with jaundice and other diseases.

In the same context, strong explosions rocked the buildings and the houses of Al Nairab camp in Aleppo as a result of the violent clashes that broke out at Al Azeiza area adjacent to the camp, as the clashes broke out between the regular army and the groups affiliated to the Syrian opposition.

On the other hand, the residents of Khan Al Sheih camp, that is located 27 KM away from the capital Damascus, are complaining of the lack of security and safety because of the ongoing events in Syria, where the



camp and the surrounding areas and farms have been targeted several times, recently, with explosive barrels, which resulted in many victims and injuries, as the number of victims from Khan Al Sheih camp in Damascus suburb has reached "93 "victim.

In terms of live aspect, the residents are complaining of the continuous closure of all roads that link the camp with the surrounding areas except for Zakia-Khan Al Sheih road, which they had to go through t despite the risk that may face them due to the clashes between the regular army and groups of the free army once in a while.

The roads closure has reflected negatively on the availability of necessary food supplies, as many kinds of it were ran out and the prices of other kinds has raised.



Khan Al Sheih camp

Detainees

"Ahmed Muhaimel" from Khan AL Sheih camp was arrested by the members of Kawkab Checkpoint of the regular army.

Libya

Mr.Omar AL Sanki, the Interior Minister of the Libyan Government, which is internationally recognized, issued a decision which prohibits the



entry of Sudan, Palestinian, and Syrian nationality holders to the Libyan territory, the ministry said that the decision is temporary.

According to Libya News website, the interior ministry media office has attributed this decision to be issued after providing information about the participation of some arrivals of these nationalities holders as fighters within terrorist groups in Libya," It is well known that the bending government authorities is controlling part of the ports, airports and land ports in several areas in the west and the east of Libya.

As in turn, the opposition militias controls several airports and ports in Libya, despite the fact that the Palestinian refugees from the Syrian policyholders were not allowed, previously, entering with exceptions, and sometimes the detention of refugees for days and some were to be returned either to Lebanon or Turkey. However, Libya was one of the main stations of Palestinian refugees fleeing from the ongoing war in Syria, and who want access to the European countries, who enter illegally, either through Egypt or by the Libyan airports which sometimes allow refugees to pass through but to pay the price.

Thousands of Palestinian and Syrian refugees arrived to the European mainland after riding death boats from Libya and some of them drown because of the greed of human traffickers.

Greece

"Don't Repeat the Tragedy of Saeid Mohammed Salih", with these words, more than 1000 Palestinian and Syrian refugees in Greece have sent a message to the Palestinian and international organizations to urgently work to rescue them from the Grave, according to the words of a refugee.

The death boats refugees in Greece are accusing the Greek authorities of treating them badly in inhuman way, as the refugees talked about a pack of violations by the Greek police and navy such as beating, cursing, and throwing their papers and belongings in the sea.

In addition to the bad houses and food and giving them a temporary residency for 6 months despite the refugees inability to resume their way to Europe, then being forced, by the Greek authorities, which abandoned



them, to leave their camps, while some of them were detained for various periods in a prisons more like Nazi prisons, according to a released refugee description.



The open sit-in in Greece

The open sit-in included several areas in Greece such as: Athena, Syantijma square, in front of the Greek Parliament, and the Golden Square area, while a refugee concluded the refugees demands with the following: to be treated in a human way, to open a safe path for them to pass from Greece to the rest of European countries, not to stay in an inhuman conditions in this severe cold and in order to save those families from being victims of sea, land, and smugglers, since they have no money for food and medicine. The Palestinian refugee protesters also demanded the Palestinian embassy and its ambassador "Merwan Toubasi" in Greece to visit, support, and to be compassion with them, as well as to try to transfer their voice to the Greek authorities.

It is mentioned that thousands of Palestinian refugees are still stuck in a number of countries that pass to the European countries, such as Greece, Hungary, Italy, Serbia, and Macedonia, as they live in a difficult humanitarian conditions such as prisons, being forced to put their fingerprints, being deprived of asking for asylum in the European countries, to live with their families there. In addition to the terrorism of the human traffickers and the scams, and the their control of the refugees' lives, then putting them in the smugglers' way to face the death, similar as what happened to the Palestinian Syrian young man "Saed Salih", who



was found by a Greek peasant, who found his body frozen while he was hugging his five-years daughter who was still alive.

Cyprus

For the fourth day respectively, the suffering of the Palestinian refugees from Syria is increasing in the refugees' tents far from the Nicosia the capital. The camp, which includes 345 Palestinian Syrian Refugees, lacks the minimum basic necessities of life, according to a refugee testimony. In the midnight of 26th of September 2014, the Cypriot navy pulled the refugees' boat to Cyprus to fingerprint there while they were heading to Italy. They were put in a refugees camp and the Cypriot authorities secured the food and water to them in the camp and gave them a period of time to proceed the procedures and to close the camp and give up their responsibility but under the pressure of the European Union and a number of international organizations the refugees were not out of the camp.

The refugees include 70 children "from 10 years to 18 years" without their families, 15 old people, and a number of patients, who are having cancer, Polio, female diseases and pregnant. The number of Palestinian refugees from Syria is 240 refugees, including 25 refugees without travel documents or any documents. It is mentioned that Cyprus is not amongst the countries that the refugees seek to migrate to and the refugees refused to sign the immigration applications to live with their families in the European immigration countries.

Hatem Dawabsha, the Head of the Palestinian Students League in Cyprus, accused the Palestinian Embassy of default, in an interview with Al Balad Radio. Mr. Hatem added that the efforts of the embassy don't meet the requirements where he accused the smugglers mafia of killing one of the refugees where his body was found killed in the street and accused them of terrorizing and threatening the refugees. He also demanded the Palestinian officials to move quickly to rescue the Palestinian Refugees of their suffering.

Mr. Jamal Al Fakhory, A Member of the Administration Commission of the Palestinian Communities and Organization in Europe, sent, through an interview at Al Balad Radio, an appeal on behalf of the Palestinian



Refugees to the world to look at the suffering of the refugees and to move to lift their suffering and support them. It is mentioned that the refugees in Cyprus have performed several protests in front of the international organizations and the Cypriot Parliament but no one responded to their demands, according to one of the protestors.

The Palestinian Camps in Syria, Numbers and Statistics till 5/1/2015

- *At least 27933 Palestinian Syrian refugees have reached Europe during the last 4 years.*
- *2598 Palestinian refugees were documented by the AGPS including 157 women, 286 were killed due to torture, 267 were killed by sniper shot, 84 refugees were field executed, and 985 refugees were killed due to bombing.*
- ***The Yarmouk Camp:** - Siege, imposed by the Regular Army and PFGC, continued for 549 days respectively. In addition, power cuts continued for more than 629 days, water was cut for 119 days respectively. The number of victims due to the siege has reached 158 victims.*
- *80,000 Palestinian Syrian refugees escaped from Syria to the neighboring towns, including 14348 refugees in Jordan, 42,000 in Lebanon, according to UNRWA statistics till November 2014.*
- ***Al Husayneyya Camp:** - Regular Army is still preventing the residents of the camp to return back to their houses for 451 days respectively.*
- ***Al Sbeina Camp:** - Regular Army is still preventing the residents of the camp to return back to their houses for 421 days respectively.*
- ***Handarat Camp:** - Residents have left the camp for 622 days after the Syrian Opposition Groups controlled it.*
- ***Dara'a Camp:** - It is now almost 266 days without water and 70% of its buildings were demolished.*
- ***Jermana, AL Saieda ZAINAB, Al Raml, Al Aedein Camps in Homs and Hamma:** - A relatively quiet situation in light of the economic crises.*
- ***Khan Al Sheih Camp:** - Roads linking the camp to the city center are still closed except for Zakia- Khan Al Sheih road.*