



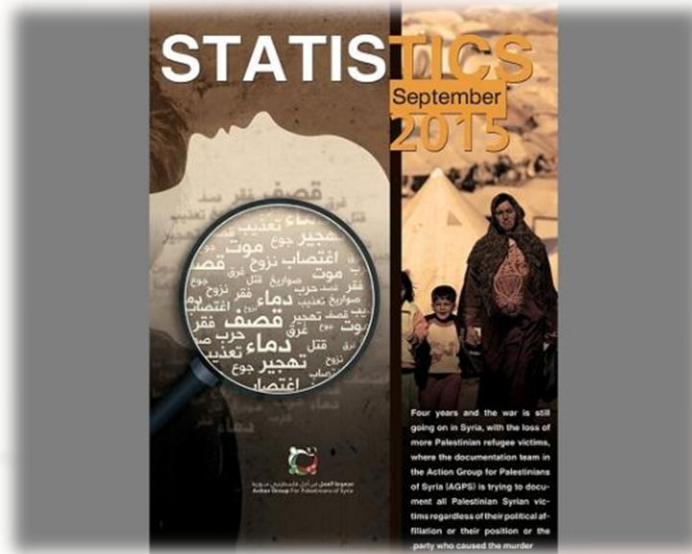
التقرير اليومي الخاص بأوضاع اللاجئين الفلسطينيين في سورية

Daily report on the situation of Palestinian refugees in Syria

Friday 05-11-2015

No. 1098

"The AGPS Issues the English Version of 'Palestinian Victims Statistics till September 2015'"



- Reopening the Main Road of Neirab Camp after Being Closed for More than Two Weeks
- The Syrian Security Prevents the Residents of Al Aedein Camp in Homs from Funerals
- Three Palestinian Detainees from Al Aedein Camp in Homs Released
- Water Cuts in Daraa Camp for 563 Days Respectively

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Reports

The AGPS issued yesterday the English version of its documentary report "Palestinian victims Statistics till the end of September 2015.

The report documents (3031) Palestinian victims who were killed directly due to Bombing, clashes, torture in detention centers, explosions, siege, and others were killed indirectly due to sank while trying to reach Europe by what has become known as "Boats of Death".

It also indicates that (1688) victims were scattered on all Palestinian refugee camps in Syria, such as Daraa in the north, Khan Dannon, Khan Al Shieh, Al Sayeda Zainab, Yarmouk, Jaramana, Sbeina, Husseneia, Al Aedein in Homs and Hama, AL Raml, Handarat and Al Neirab in the south, in addition to (1274) victims who died outside their camps in various Syrian cities, and (69) victims who died outside Syria.



The AGPS report documents (69) victims who died since ISIS storming into the Yarmouk camp on April 2015.

It should be noted that this report concerns of documenting the statistics of the Palestinian refugee victims in Syria since the beginning of the events until the end of September 2015, with no concern about identifying the actual doer.



To download the electronic version of the report:

Arabic Language: <http://www.actionpal.org.uk/ar/reports/special/9-2015.pdf>

English Language: <http://www.actionpal.org.uk/en/reports/special/92015.pdf>

Recent Updates

The AGPS correspondent in Neirab camp reported that food and fuel began to enter to the city of Aleppo and Neirab camp, after opening Khanasr- Athareya main road that connects Aleppo with the capital Damascus and the city of Hama.

Food and fuel entered after being prevented for two weeks because of the dominance of ISIS and the attempts of the Syrian regime and al-Quds Brigade to re-open it. Residents of the camp received al-Quds Brigade members, who took part in the re-opening of the road, with cheers and firing heavy bullets.





The prices of materials have been significantly increasing in Neirab and some of them were loss as a result of the closure of the road, which supplies Aleppo and Neirab camp with various goods and materials, for two consecutive weeks.

A state of instability and safety prevailed Neirab camp due to the tense security situation in the adjacent areas, and due to the location of Neirab adjacent to the Neirab military airport which made it a strategic location for the conflict parties in Syria. The camp was previously targeted which led to casualties in the ranks of civilians.

In Homs, the AGPS correspondent at Al Aedein camp reported that the detachment of the Syrian security forces prevented the family of the young man, who died in an accident in Turkey," Mohammed Hammam Awwad Awad," to announce his death and to establish a consolation, under the pretext that he was wanted for the Syrian security.



This comes within a series of strictures by the Syrian security services at the camp and its residents.



It is noteworthy that after the Syrian security campaigns of arrest and prosecution of the wanted residents of the camp, the detachment patrols informed all vendors on 07/21/2015 to prevent selling their goods in the streets, although it customary in the camp through the spread of markets and vendors in the streets for many years.



On 22.7.2015, detachment patrols also informed all people to prevent the consolation tents in the streets of the camp which is accepted for decades due to the narrow houses.

Security strictures reached the peak after detention campaigns carried out by the Syrian authorities, on 21 June 2015, and after building an iron fence separates Al Aedein camp from the neighborhoods of Homs and its neighboring districts, without any service corridors between the two sides.

The iron fence compounded the economic suffering and reflected negatively on their living conditions.

The AGPS reporter confirmed earlier the growing phenomenon of youth migration and resorting to Turkish territory for fear of arrest and raids



carried out by Syrian security between now and then to the homes of the camp.

The Syrian security forces released the Palestinian refugee "Khaled Mahmoud Shatara" Abu Mohammed, in his thirties, and the refugee "Mohamed Mahmoud Shatara" Abu Khaled, in his fifties, on 1.11.2015 from Fayhaa court prison for traveler to Turkey, after being detained for more than a month and a half. The two refugees are from the village of Tarshiha in Palestine.

The refugee "Mohamed Osman" was also released on 28.10.2015 from Adra prison in Damascus after being detained for more than a month and a half. He is in his thirties, and from the city of Safed in Palestine.

The Syrian security forces continue detaining 178 refugees from Al Aedein camp, in addition to hundreds of Palestinian refugees, while their fate is still unknown.

In southern Syria, water cuts at Daraa camp for 563 days respectively, forcing people to use wells artesian to make up for some deficiencies in their needs for water.

The water crisis coincided with severe shortage of medical services due to shortage of medical cadres and materials.

It is mentioned that approximately 70% of homes have been significantly affected due to the frequent shelling that targeted the camp with explosive barrels and missiles.



Numbers and Statistics till 5/11/2015

- *15,500 Palestinian Syrian refugees in Jordan, 45,000 Palestinian Syrian refugees in Lebanon, and 6,000 refugees in Egypt, according to the UNRWA's statistics till July 2015.*
- *At least 36,000 Palestinian Syrian refugees have reached Europe during the last 4 years.*
- *The Yarmouk Camp: - Siege, imposed by the Regular Army and PFGC, continued for 857 days respectively. In addition, power cuts continued for more than 927 days, water was cut for 417 days respectively. The number of victims due to the siege has reached to 182 victims.*
- *Al Sbeina Camp: - Regular Army is still preventing the residents of the camp to return back to their houses for 718 days respectively.*
- *Handarat Camp: - Residents have left the camp for 919 days after the Syrian Opposition Groups controlled it.*
- *Dara'a Camp: - It is now almost 563 days without water and 70% of its buildings were demolished.*
- *Jarmana, AL Saieda Zainab, Al Raml, Al Aedein Camps in Homs and Hamma: - A relatively quiet situation in light of the economic crises.*
- *Khan Al Sheih Camp: - Roads linking the camp to the city center are still closed except for Zakia- Khan Al Shieh road.*