



التقرير اليومي الخاص بأوضاع اللاجئين الفلسطينيين في سورية

Daily report on the situation of Palestinian refugees in Syria

WEDNESDAY 07-01-2015 NO.796

“ISIS Kidnaps a Member of Fatah Movement at the Yarmouk Camp, and Palestinians of Syria in Turkey Demanding to Improve their Legal Situation”



- **The Residents of Khan Dannon Camp Complain of the Absence of Charity Commissions or Civil Work Committees.**
- **A Resident from Khan Al Sheih Camp was arrested at Jadedat Artouz area in Damascus Suburb.**
- **The Coordination Council in Austria discusses the Palestinian Syrian Refugees' Problems.**
- **Palestinians of Syria in Lebanon suffer of Miserable Living and Economic Conditions.**
- **UNRWA: 11000 Palestinian Refugees Fled from the Hell of War in Syria to Jordan.**

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Recent Updates

Members of ISIS kidnapped "Bahaa Al Amein", a member of Fatah Movement and an official of Bisan sport club, while he was at Al Zain neighborhood south of the Yarmouk camp, which is completely controlled by ISIS.

Meanwhile, our correspondent inside the Yarmouk camp reported news about a fire in a house at Safad Street, as the house belongs to Sheikh "Mohammed Al Omari", known as "Abu Omar", a member of the reconciliation civil committee at the Yarmouk camp, while our correspondent could not manage to know the reason of the fire.

On the other hand, a number of activists and residents of the Yarmouk camp appealed the concerned organizations and the UNRWA to resume entering food aids to the camp after being suspended for more than 20 days. The suspension of food aids resulted in the possibilities of starvation return and the loss of most food supplies and its high prices, as one kilo of rice has reached 1500 SL, while one kilo of sugar has reached 2300 SL, one kilo of flour has exceeded 2000 SL, and one kilo of lentils has reached 1400 SL.

It is worth mentioning that in such days on 2014, a father has slaughtered three cats for securing food to his children, who did not eat for more than two days because of the siege imposed on the camp, since the regular army and groups of PFGC checkpoints are still imposing strict siege to the residents of the Yarmouk camp, which led to the death of dozens of victims due to the lack of food and medicine.

This accident is happening now to the residents of "Diaspora capital" because of not entering food supplies provided by UNRWA for the 4th week respectively, what led to the loss of many kinds of food, prompting people to search at the orchards in the neighboring areas to search something to eat. All this come in light of water, power, and telecommunication cut for long periods.

Meanwhile, the residents of Khan Dannon Camp are suffering of a shortage at the relief services in light of the difficult economic conditions they live due to the absence of charity commissions or civil work committees inside the camp as a result of the security tightening by the regime forces and the arrest campaigns against a large number of



activists and relief workers, which forced those committees to suspend its works for fear of its activists lives.

However, the residents of the camp, that is considered the most poor camp amongst the Palestinian camps in Syria, are still depend on the relief and financial aids provided by UNRWA once in a while.

In terms of living aspect, the residents are complaining of severe living crises concentrated at the scarcity of food supplies, poverty, and unemployment, in addition to the continuous water, power, and telecommunication cut for long periods.



Khan Dannon Camp

Detainees

The syrian security forces arrested "Mohamed Khair Asaad," a resident of Khan Al Sheih Camp, He was arrested in a Jadedat Artouz area suburb of Damascus, It is noteworthy That the Syrian security forces arresedt more than eight people from Khan Shiekh camp since the beginning of January / 2015.

Release

The Palestinian refugee "Moatasim Riyad Rmeid" from Khan Dannon camp was released yesterday after being arrested several months ago at Al Kiswa area in Damascus suburb by a group of the armed Syrian Opposition.



Moatasim Riyad Rmeid

Austria

The Coordination Council to Support Palestine in Austria and Palestinian youth organized a meeting with the displaced Palestinian families from Syria to Austria at the capital Vienna, with attendance of about 150 Palestinian Syrians. The meeting discussed the problems that they faced since they arrived to Austria and how the Austrian police treated them and how they distributed the refugee camps and compounds. Meanwhile, the Palestinian Syrian refugees talked about the problems related to the housing and the brokers blackmailing in order to get a house, in addition to the legal consultations and the need to translate their ID papers.

At the end of the meeting, a committee, consists some of the attendance, was agreed to be formed, in order to be the core of the services center, that will be founded, which concerns the affairs of Palestinian refugees from Syria in the aim of helping them finding a solution to their problems.

Lebanon

The Palestinian Refugees, who were displaced from Syria to Lebanon, are suffering of very difficult living, economic, and social conditions that



are getting worse in the winter, that is considered the most season that the refugee problems appear, especially the problems related to food, housing, and clothes.

All this comes in light of the exception of a large number of families from the UNRWA winter aids, which was limited this year at the most cold areas such as Al Biqaa area.

In the same context, UNRWA is still cut off cash assistance for more than 1100 refugee families from Syria, while the Lebanese government continues to deny access of any Palestinian Syrian refugees to its territory, except in very exceptional circumstances. It is mentioned that the number of Palestinian refugees, who were displaced from Syria to Lebanon, ranges between 44-45 thousand Palestinian refugees.

Jordan

The number of refugees coming from Syria to Jordan has reached 11000 Palestinian refugees, according to UNRWA statistics, and the UNRWA also provides them with some relief services, 173 of them are living at Cyber City northern Jordan near the Syrian border. Most of the other refugees are living inside Jordanian cities or in Al Zaatari camp, and they pretend to be Syrian refugees, where the authorities deport those who are found to be Palestinian refugees and send them back to Syria, which they fled in fear for their lives.

Most refugees are suffering of extreme poverty, and are distributed to cities: Irbid, Zarqa, Amman, Mafraq, Zaatari camp, Cyber City, in varying proportions, the families are forming about 2391 families, 48% of them are under 18 years, 52% female, % 30 of them form the only source to support their families, while the family rates 4.1 members.

It is noteworthy that Jordan imposes restrictions on the entry of Palestinians and return some refugees forcibly to Syria, according to a report by Amnesty International.



Turkey

The Palestinian Syrian refugees demanded the improvement of their legal status in Turkey, where Turkish authorities do not treat the Syrian-Palestinians, such as the Syrian citizens, who enter by the crossing borders without any visa, while any Palestinian arrives to the official crossing borders, escaping from Syria, will be completely refused to enter officially, even if he holds a passport issued by the Syrian Arab Republic.

Meanwhile, the Turkish authorities are keen to send any Palestinian, who arrives at the Turkish passports stamp department, back into Syrian territories.

However, the Palestinians of Syria in Turkey called the UNRWA, the Palestinian Embassy in Ankara, and the PLO to take rapid actions to address their legal status in Turkey, as they demanded to allow their families to enter Turkey without a visa and to treat them like Syrians with regard to residencies, visas, and work permits.

The refusal to grant the Palestinian refugees a visa and to prevent any Palestinians from entering Turkish territory pushes many of them to resort to another solution, which is entering in an informal and breaking the law unwillingly.

The risks of this solution are great, as we mentioned, at least being exposed to fraud and scam or being arrested or killed .Meanwhile, UNRWA estimates the number of Palestinian Syrian refugees in Turkey as about 1,600 refugees.





The Palestinian Camps in Syria, Numbers and Statistics till 6/1/2015

- *At least 27933 Palestinian Syrian refugees have reached Europe during the last 4 years.*
- *2598 Palestinian refugees were documented by the AGPS including 157 women, 286 were killed due to torture, 267 were killed by sniper shot, 84 refugees were field executed, and 985 refugees were killed due to bombing.*
- ***The Yarmouk Camp:** - Siege, imposed by the Regular Army and PFGC, continued for 550 days respectively. In addition, power cuts continued for more than 630 days, water was cut for 120 days respectively. The number of victims due to the siege has reached 159 victims.*
- *80,000 Palestinian Syrian refugees escaped from Syria to the neighboring towns, including 14348 refugees in Jordan, 42,000 in Lebanon, according to UNRWA statistics till November 2014.*
- ***Al Husayneyya Camp:** - Regular Army is still preventing the residents of the camp to return back to their houses for 452 days respectively.*
- ***Al Sbeina Camp:** - Regular Army is still preventing the residents of the camp to return back to their houses for 422 days respectively.*
- ***Handarat Camp:** - Residents have left the camp for 623 days after the Syrian Opposition Groups controlled it.*
- ***Dara'a Camp:** - It is now almost 267 days without water and 70% of its buildings were demolished.*
- ***Jermana, AL Saieda ZAINAB, Al Raml, Al Aedein Camps in Homs and Hamma:** - A relatively quiet situation in light of the economic crises.*
- ***Khan Al Sheih Camp:** - Roads linking the camp to the city center are still closed except for Zakia- Khan Al Sheih road.*