



التقرير اليومي الخاص بأوضاع اللاجئين الفلسطينيين في سورية

Daily report on the situation of Palestinian refugees in Syria

FRIDAY 09-09-2016

NO.1407

"Massive Destruction of Civilian Houses Following Air Strikes at Khan Al Shieh Camp"



- **A PLA Member Died in Damascus Suburb**
- **A Member of Thunderbolt Forces Died During Clashes in Yarmouk**
- **Start the Rehabilitation Services and the Removal of Rubble in Sbeina in Preparation for the Return of Residents**
- **Distributing Some Food Aid to Families Displaced from Yarmouk South of Damascus**
- **Palestine Charity Committee Continues to Provide Medical Aid to Families Displaced from Yarmouk**

Email: Reports@actionpal.org

Mobile: 00447447423737

Phone: 00442084530919 00442084530994



Victims

The Palestinian refugee, Ahmed Ali Ahmed, a PLA member, died during confrontations in Damascus suburb between the armed brigades of the Syrian opposition and the regular army and the PLA, bringing the number of PLA victims who are documented by name during the past days to 16 victims.



The death toll from the PLA has reached (182 victims), according to the AGPS statistics, excluded members who defected from the army and joined the armed opposition groups and died during clashes with the regime, or those who died under torture in the prisons of the Syrian regime.

The Palestinian refugee, Samer Hashim Ibrahim, a cadre of the Arab Socialist Baath Party commandos, died during clashes that broke out in the besieged Yarmouk camp yesterday on the Yarmouk Municipality axis in Palestine Street.

Meanwhile, the AGPS monitoring and documentation team documented more than (3335) Palestinian Syrians who died until today because of the war in Syria.



Recent Updates

Warplanes targeted the vicinity of the high school at Khan Al Shieh Camp, in addition to the, surrounding farms near Mansheya area. The shelling resulted in massive destruction in homes and properties, and a state of panic and terror among civilians who complain about the continued targeting of the camp, although it is free of weapons and militants.

This comes in light of the escalation of the repeated bombing that target the camp and its surroundings with different types of heavy weapons from air and artillery bombardments which target the region frequently. The surrounding farms and towns have been targeted almost daily by explosive barrels and artillery shells.



Residents of the camp are suffering from miserable humanitarian conditions due to the ongoing deterioration of the security situation in the farms and surrounding areas, in light of the continuation of the regular army checkpoint to close roads hyphen between the camp and the center of the capital, Damascus.



Media sources reported that the cleaning workshops of Damascus and Quneitra provinces in Sbeina town began working in Sbeina in order to deport mass and to open roads to restore people to the town. The sources published photos from inside the town during the process of removing the mass and rehabilitation services, those sources said that Damascus Electric Co. will start working after Eid al-Adha holiday, and will first work pulling broken medium and high tension electricity wires.

After that, transformers will be installed with the entry of residents to Sbeina, while schools, clinics, and hospitals will be maintained.

With regard to acts of UNRWA, sources reported that the minister of local administration directed a letter to the Director-General of the UNRWA, Ali Mustafa, which will in turn communicates with UNRWA in order to start work.

Those sources reported that security authorities would allow people to return after the progress of rehabilitation of the infrastructure in Sbeina camp.

The people Sbeina camp actually, totaling (24,298) Palestinian refugees, according to UNRWA statistics in 2012, have been displaced from the camp three years ago, and suffer from difficult living conditions, rising rents of homes, and widespread unemployment among them, knowing that many youths of the camp worked in industrial laboratories around the town of Sabina before being closed.

Meanwhile, the regime continues to prevent people to return despite it controls the town since 17/11/2013.



According to eyewitnesses, more than 80% of the camp's building were destructed almost completely, especially the area that extends from Maaz bin Jabal mosque till the Kurds bakery, which forms the western entrance of the camp.



In the south of Damascus, Jafra Foundation for Relief and Development continues for the third day respectively, to distribute some food aid to Palestinian families displaced from the Yarmouk refugee camp in neighboring towns. Those families were forced to leave their homes after ISIS imposed control over the camp early April 2015.

Palestine Charity Committee also continues to provide relief and medical services for displaced families from the Yarmouk camp in neighboring towns of Yalda, Beit Sahem, and Babbila, where Services Section worked to mobilize water for Palestinian refugees and provide the necessary first aid for emergency cases caused by burns, wounds, and fractures, as the number of free prescriptions made during August has reached 1777 prescriptions.



It is noteworthy that Palestinian refugees from the Yarmouk camp, and who are in the camp and its neighboring towns, suffer from poor living conditions because of the regular army and PFGC groups continued to besiege camp for more (1178) days, with reference to the thousands of families who were forced to flee their homes in Yarmouk after the control of ISIS at the beginning of April last year.

Palestinians of Syria; Numbers and Statistics until 8\09\2016

- *15500 Palestinian Syrian refugees are in Jordan*
- *42.500 Palestinian Syrian refugees are in Lebanon*
- *6000 Palestinian Syrian refugees are in Egypt, according to the UNRWA statistics till July 2015*
- *8000 Palestinian Syrian refugees are in Turkey*
- *1000 Palestinian Syrian refugees are in Gaza*
- *More than 79,000 Palestinian Syrian refugees have reached Europe till mid -2016*
- *The Yarmouk Camp: siege, imposed by the Regular Army and PFGC groups, continued for 1178 consecutive days. Power cut continued for more than 1239 days, water was cut for 728 days respectively. The number of siege victims is 187.*
- *Al Sbeina Camp: - Regular Army is still preventing the residents of the camp to return back to their houses for 1031 days respectively.*
- *Handarat Camp: - All Residents have left the camp for about 1223 days after the Syrian Opposition Groups controlled it.*



<http://www.facebook.com/ActGroup.PalSyria>

- *Dara'a Camp: - It is now almost 882 days without water and almost 70% of its buildings were demolished.*
- *Jermana, AL Saieda ZAINab, Al Raml, Al Aedein Camps in Homs and Hamma: - A relatively quiet situation in light of the economic crises.*
- *Khan Al Sheih Camp: - Roads linking the camp to the city center are still closed except for Zakia- Khan Al Sheih road.*