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## التقرير اليومي



الخاص بأوضاع اللاجئين الفلسطينيين في سورية  
The situation of Palestinian refugees in Syria

### **Palestinian Refugee Succumbs to Burns in Syria Displacement Camp**

- **Humanitarian Crisis Worse than Ever for Palestinian Refugees in Syria**
- **Palestinian Refugees in Aleppo Denounce Delays in UNRWA Aid Delivery**
- **Darts Championship Kick-Started in Palestinian Refugee Camps**



## **Latest Developments**

Palestinian refugee Ali Salah AlSaabi died of serious burns he sustained following last Friday's wildfires that rocked his house in Jaramana Camp for Palestinian refugees, in Rif Dimashq.

AlSaabi and a number of his injured relatives were rushed to AlMuftahed Hospital. However, the man breathed his last shortly after.

Meanwhile, Palestinian refugees in Syria continue to struggle for survival in a country that has been dramatically ravaged by a more than a decade-long conflict.

According to the UN Commission of Inquiry on Syria, 14.6 million Syrians depend on humanitarian assistance, 12 million face acute food insecurity, and nine in 10 now live below the poverty line.

Some 14.6 million people require support – a 1.2 million increase over 2021 – and the number is expected to reach 15.3 million next year.

Syrians and Palestinians alike are facing an ever-deepening humanitarian and economic crisis – inside and outside the country, and in both Government-controlled areas and areas outside Government control, where the situation remains most dire, especially in camps for the displaced.

Electricity and fuel are scarcer than ever, while many people are unable to access clean water and healthcare.

Energy shortages have forced the Government to close state agencies for several days at a time, and the Syrian pound has fallen to new record lows.

Even people who do not need assistance because they receive regular salaries now require support. Needs are rising as resources are dwindling.

Once a vibrant community of over 550,000 people, Palestinians had come to Syria in two main waves in 1948 and 1967 to settle in 12 camps across the country. Yarmouk, the most famous of the



Palestine refugee camps, became known as “the capital of Palestine refugees.”

438,000 Palestine refugees remain in the country – 91 per cent of whom live in absolute poverty - and who have been among those worst affected by the conflict. Over 80% of PRS live in extreme poverty and rely on humanitarian assistance as their main source of income. 86% of PRS households are reported to be in debt.

Along similar lines, Palestinian refugees expressed dismay at delayed humanitarian assistance in the northern Syrian province of Aleppo.

A number of refugees told AGPS that they had to travel for several kilometers under freezing temperatures to receive UNRWA food aid items, which were slated to be distributed on Sunday.

Upon their arrival to the Arkoub distribution centre, the refugees were told by UNRWA staff that the delivery is scheduled for another day.

In the meantime, the Palestinian Darts Federation announced the launch of the Darts Championship in Palestinian refugee camps and communities.

The event aims to selecting a national team representing Palestine at international tournaments.

According to the federation, the game is open for men and women, and will be supervised by the federation in the Palestinian camps and communities of AlHussainiya, Jaramana, Khan Esheih, AlAmeen, AlSayeda Zeinab, AlSabina, and Khan Dannoun. The first, second and third winners from each group will be nominated for the final selection.

The subscription fee is 5,000 Syrian pounds, 20% of them will be provided to darts clubs.

The tournament kickstarts on Friday January 13 and will be wrapped up on Saturday January 21.

Darts or dart-throwing is a competitive sport in which two or more players bare-handedly throw small sharp-pointed missiles known as darts at a round target known as a dartboard.



Points can be scored by hitting specific marked areas of the board, though unlike in sports such as archery, these areas are distributed all across the board and do not follow a principle of points increasing towards the centre of the board. Though a number of similar games using various boards and rules exist, the term "darts" usually now refers to a standardised game involving a specific board design and set of rules. The board should be hanged so that the distance between the bullseye and the floor is 173 cm.