



التقرير اليومي الخاص بأوضاع اللاجئين الفلسطينيين في سورية

Daily report on the situation of Palestinian refugees in Syria

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"At Least 3 Injuries Due to Targeting Khan Al Shieh Camp with Explosive Barrels"



- The Syrian Regime Checkpoints Prevent a Palestinian Refugee from Returning Back to his Camp in Khan Al Shieh
- Groups Affiliated to the Regime Fighting at Nairab as a Result of Disagreement on Sharing Royalties
- The AGPS Issues the English Version of "Yarmouk Siege Has Not Ended" Report
- The Injured Refugee Ahmed Umar Reaches Germany after Long Suffering
- Al Wafaa European Campaign Produces Urgent Humanitarian Aid to the Refugees in Greece and Austria

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Recent Updates

Syrian Warplanes targeted the vegetable market and the center of Khan Al Shieh camp in Damascus suburb yesterday with two explosive barrels, while another two barrels targeted a house on the outskirts of the camp, which led to material damage and four injuries.

The toll of victims and injuries is still unknown yet due to the state of tension and anxiety that pervades the place.



Meanwhile, six explosive barrels targeted the adjacent farms of the camp yesterday morning causing a state of panic and fear among residents, especially women and children.

All roads linking the camp and the center of the capital Damascus are still closed except "Zakya– Khan Al Shieh," which is exposed to shelling and frequent targeting.

On the other hand, members of the Syrian security services prevented the return of the Palestinian refugee, "Ahmed Ghazi Youssef" to his camp Khan Al Shieh in Damascus suburb, after he was arrested by Syrian



security forces at Al Mashham checkpoint in Koukab town on 21-9 to be released on the same day forcing him to stay outside camp.

It is noteworthy that the Syrian army and security checkpoints are continuously checks and restrict on the residents of Khan Al Shieh camp, as the AGPS documented 102 detainees, mostly was arrested at the regime's checkpoints.

In Aleppo, the so-called pro-Syrian regime group "Mohammed Rafi" at Nairab camp attacked on the pro-Syrian Regime group "Adnan Asayed".

According to activists, the problem caused by a dispute between the two groups on the bribes paid to them in order to allow and delivery of all those who wish to immigrate outside the camp and access to Turkey, for the fact that the Syrian security prohibited Palestinians travel to the north of Syria and then to Turkey.



It is worth mentioning that the entrance of the camp is controlled by the pro-Syrian regime groups that are competing about bribes to facilitate the travel of refugees from the camp, according to what was confirmed by a Palestinian refugee from Yarmouk to the AGPS.



The refugee stated that, "when he entered the camp and crossed a checkpoint of Mohammed Rafi group, the checkpoint members seized his ID and family papers.

He asked them about seizing his papers and they answered that, "in order to return and go out through us and we deliver you to Turkey and pay us money, and in order not to go to other smugglers because we know that you are in travel to Turkey." He came back and took his papers and pay them for each member of his family 150,000 Syrian pounds ensured him access to the armed opposition controlled areas in northern Syria and then Turkey.

Asylum

The injured Palestinian refugee "Ahmed Omar" arrived in the German city of Munich, after a long journey of suffering continued for several years, where "Ahmed" was injured after bombing that targeted the Yarmouk refugee camp, about two and a half years ago, which led to paralysis in his lower limbs.

"Ahmed" headed to Turkey, to enter in illegally through danger and hard road especially he is wounded, due to the prevention of the Turkish authorities the entry of Palestinian Syrian refugees into its territory. "Ahmed" has spent several months of suffering in Turkey, and then he continued his trip to Greece by sea in spite of his health deterioration.

He completed his journey by road, where he launched several humanitarian appeals, requesting urgent medical assistance, and after that he was stranded with hundreds of refugees in Slovenia.



Finally he succeeded to access Germany, with the help of many European activists, where he is receiving treatment now in Helios Klinikuk center in Munich, southern Germany.



Action Group for Palestinians of Syria

AGPS issued the English Version of the documentary report “Yarmouk Siege Has Not Ended.” The report discuss the Office of Humanitarian Affairs Coordination of the United Nations “UNOCHA” decision of removing the camp from its list of besieged areas in that is issued in 23-June 2015.

The report refers to the suffering of Palestinians of Syrian within the Syrian camps, compounds, and cities continues along with the prolonged crisis, extended conflict, and acts of protest while they are powerless. All gains achieved by the refugees during 67 years of preparation and planning for the day of returning back to their homeland, where parents and grandparents were born, were lost.

They found themselves facing a new Nakba, with all of its details, including the displacement, refuge, and pain.

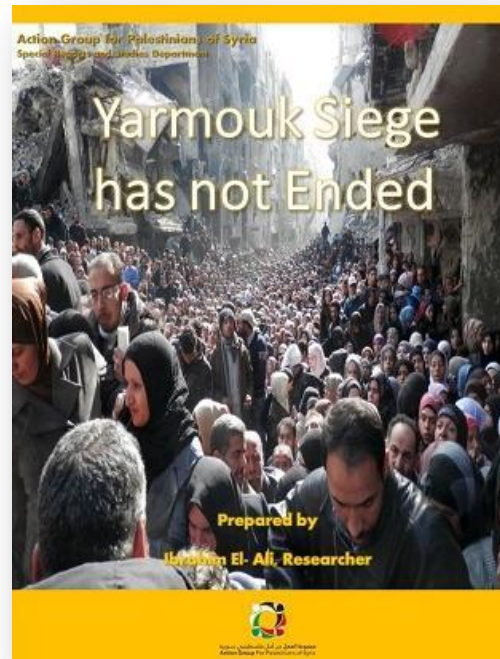


The Report insured that The Yarmouk camp for Palestinian refugees is subjected to strict siege since mid-July, 2013, preventing its residents from entering or leaving it only strictly for humanitarian reasons. Additionally, humanitarian aid is prevented but only to Al-Rija Square, which is located on the first part of the camp near the regime's checkpoints where numerous arrests for residents who are coming to receive aids took place.

The Report describes the decision of the UNOCHA of removing the Yarmouk camp from the list of the besieged areas as a surprising step and considers the decision as threat to all attempts to end the suffering of the camp which had lasted for more than two years. In addition, it would emphasize the quo situation of besieging civilians and unending displacement and homelessness of displaced refugees as a result of the growing violence, bombing, and destruction of most of the camp surrounding areas.

This contradicts the statements of the Secretary-General of the United Nations, Ban Ki-moon, who described the camp as "a piece of hell, and its residents are in need for protection and cannot be abandoned," and that "ISIS" has committed crimes against humanity."

The report also introduces a group of indicators that insure the continuous siege on Yarmouk camp supported with a number of statistics





documenting the victims and widespread diseases inside the camp. It is worthy to mention that AGPS published a press statement to insure that Yarmouk Camp is Still under Siege describing the decision of removing the camp from the list of the besieged areas as a wrong decision.

Download Arabic Version: <http://goo.gl/mu3wZp>

Download English Version: <http://goo.gl/8qNOzy>

Civil Work Committees

Al Wafaa European campaign carried out an inspection tour to immigrants by sea to Greece as a Part of its plan to help and support refugees fleeing from the Syrian war.

In the capital Athens, the campaign produced some material and moral support and food rations, in an attempt to reinforce them to resume their journey towards their destinations.

In Austria, where refugees reach by land, the campaign in cooperation with the Austrian Mercy Foundation produces nearly 500 hot meals daily to refugees stranded in the way towards Western Europe.





The campaign provides help for refugees through inspection tours for checking the conditions of refugees in their localities in the streets and train stations in the Austrian capital Vienna.

It is referred that Palestinian Syrian refugees are still flow through European countries, to escape from the Syrian war and restricting by Syria's neighboring countries.

Numbers and Statistics till 8/10/2015

- *15,500 Palestinian Syrian refugees in Jordan, 45,000 Palestinian Syrian refugees in Lebanon, and 6,000 refugees in Egypt, according to the UNRWA's statistics till July 2015.*
- *At least 36,000 Palestinian Syrian refugees have reached Europe during the last 4 years.*
- *The Yarmouk Camp: - Siege, imposed by the Regular Army and PFGC, continued for 829 days respectively. In addition, power cuts continued for more than 899 days, water was cut for 389 days respectively. The number of victims due to the siege has reached to 182 victims.*
- *Al Sbeina Camp: - Regular Army is still preventing the residents of the camp to return back to their houses for 690 days respectively.*
- *Handarat Camp: - Residents have left the camp for 891 days after the Syrian Opposition Groups controlled it.*
- *Dara'a Camp: - It is now almost 535 days without water and 70% of its buildings were demolished.*



<http://www.facebook.com/ActGroup.PalSyria>

- *Jarmana, AL Saieda Zainab, Al Raml, Al Aedein Camps in Homs and Hamma: - A relatively quiet situation in light of the economic crises.*
- *Khan Al Sheih Camp: - Roads linking the camp to the city center are still closed except for Zakia- Khan Al Shieh road.*