



## التقرير اليومي الخاص بأوضاع اللاجئين الفلسطينيين في سورية

Daily report on the situation of Palestinian refugees in Syria

MONDAY 09-11-2015 NO.1102

### *"A UNRWA Dismisses 15 Teachers at Al Muzareeb Compound with No Reason"*



- Yarmouk Camp without Water for 420DaysRespectively
- People of Handarat Camp Displaced for 922Days since the Opposition Controlled the Camp
- Al Wafaa European Campaign Suspends Work in Syria Due to Security Tightening
- Turkish Embassy in Lebanon Continues Issuing Visas for Palestinian Syrian Refugees
- Delayed Residencies and the Searching for Houses the Main Obstacles Facing Refugees in Sweden

Email: Reports@actionpal.org

Mobile: 00447447423737

Phone: 00442084530919 00442084530994



## **UNRWA**

*UNRWA" dismissed 15 teachers in Muzareeb Compound at Daraa province southern Syria, without giving any reason, while the AGPS correspondent reported that the matter may be reflected negatively on the students where it led to a rise in the number of students per class to at least fifty students.*



*This comes under severe suffering, especially with regard to UNRWA financial aid and the difficulty to get, due to the tense situation and the insistence of UNRWA to distribute such aid in far places from the compound, making people vulnerable to arrest by Syrian security checkpoints.*

## **Recent Updates**

*The remaining residents of Yarmouk are complaining of continued water cuts all around the camp for (420) days respectively, forcing them to go to the vicinity of the camp in order to get some liters of drinking water.*

*An activist reported that they relied on artesian wells almost completely, although it is contaminated with dust and sediment, which led to the spread of many diseases, including kidney and hygiene diseases.*

*The theft of "ISIS" for more than three thousand liters of diesel allocated to the water pumps, which are the main source of drinking water, and the*



*continuous stopping of the Syrian authorities to feed the camp over neighboring areas with water network on 9 September 2014 exacerbated the crises of water and hygiene.*

*Turning to northern Syria, the suffering of Palestinian refugees who were displaced from Handarat camp for 922 days respectively is still continuous; as they were displaced from their homes after the Syrian armed opposition controlled the camp.*

*Residents of the camp re facing harsh living conditions especially because of displacement, forcing most of them to live in schools and shelters, and their suffering increased after they were asked to vacate the unit ninth of the university city of Aleppo.*

*Handarat camp and adjacent areas are still targeted and witness violent clashes between the Syrian armed opposition groups and the regular army alongside al-Quds Brigade, where the regular army is trying to impose its control over the camp, which is a strategic point for him, and Opposition seeking to advance towards the town of Handarat and the central prison of Aleppo.*





### **Civil Work Committees**

*Al Wafaa European campaign announced the suspension its relief campaign inside Syrian territory, because of pressures that may affect the humanitarian campaign work.*

*The campaign said in a press release, on Saturday night 7/11, the campaign, which was the first relief campaigns in the Syrian interior and the first action for the relief of Palestinians of Syria in the countries where they were displaced, has subjected to pressure and unacceptable interference by the security agencies, " which made us rethink our work there."*



*The campaign decided to suspend work inside Syria, and also decided to close its office and warehouses there, "because of pressure by some of the security services and its interference in the work of the relief campaign, which would diverges the work of the Commission on the right track."*

*"Al Wafaa European" stressed that the campaign, which does extensive efforts in the inside and outside Syria for the relief of refugees and displaced Palestinians and Syrians alike, refuses to be a tool, stressing*



*that it insists to keep its humanly only away from any attempts to exploit politically in favor of one party over another.*

*At the same time; it called for the need for humanitarian action to rescue homeless and displaced within Syria, declaring that relief and humanitarian work in outside the Syrian territories will continue and will not stop.*

*They also stressed the need to find a way remain open, during which humanitarian institutions to extend a lifeline to the inhabitants of the camps and of displaced Palestinians and Syrians both inside Syria. Supporting humanitarian organization and international relief agencies must accelerate to make, tender, and search for distant mechanism from any political or security pressure.*

### **Turkey**

*Turkish Embassy in Lebanon continues to stop issuing visas for Palestinian Syrian and Syrian refugees in Lebanon, without giving reasons, as hundreds of Palestinians of Syria were forced to take dangerous road to gain access to Turkish territory where they are entering it illegally.*

*The illegal entry to Turkey puts the lives of dozens of them at risk, due to the rugged road and the proliferation of armed factions, as well as the targeting of aircraft frequently.*



## **Sweden**

*Upon being forced to risk their lives to get to Europe, Palestinian refugees from Syria are now suffering differently than in Syria.*

*In each stage of their asylum, Palestinian refugees of Syria faced problems; once due to the war and death boats; and once due to the delay of the procedures for the refugees who managed to reach Sweden for obtaining residency, which, in some cases, took more than a year.*

*Not only the Palestinian refugees are suffering so as to obtain residency, they also have hardship in securing a house especially that most refugees prefer to live in southern area of Sweden. This led to a significant high demand for houses, while the Swedish Immigration Service attributes the delay of issuing residencies to that reason as well.*

## **Numbers and Statistics till 7/11/2015**

- *15,500 Palestinian Syrian refugees in Jordan, 45,000 Palestinian Syrian refugees in Lebanon, and 6,000 refugees in Egypt, according to the UNRWA's statistics till July 2015.*
- *At least 36,000 Palestinian Syrian refugees have reached Europe during the last 4 years.*
- *The Yarmouk Camp: - Siege, imposed by the Regular Army and PFGC, continued for 859 days respectively. In addition, power cuts continued for more than 929 days, water was cut for 419 days respectively. The number of victims due to the siege has reached to 182 victims.*



<http://www.facebook.com/ActGroup.PalSyria>

- *Al Sbeina Camp: - Regular Army is still preventing the residents of the camp to return back to their houses for 720 days respectively.*
- *Handarat Camp: - Residents have left the camp for 921 days after the Syrian Opposition Groups controlled it.*
- *Dara'a Camp: - It is now almost 565 days without water and 70% of its buildings were demolished.*
- *Jarmana, AL Saieda Zainab, Al Raml, Al Aedein Camps in Homs and Hamma: - A relatively quiet situation in light of the economic crises.*
- *Khan Al Sheih Camp: - Roads linking the camp to the city center are still closed except for Zakia- Khan Al Shieh road.*