



التقرير اليومي الخاص بأوضاع اللاجئين الفلسطينيين في سورية

Daily report on the situation of Palestinian refugees in Syria

SUNDAY 11-01-2015 NO.800

“Shooting and Recriminations Causing Aids Suspension at the Besieged Yarmouk”



- **A Palestinian Died Due to the Lack of Medical Care at the Yarmouk Camp.**
- **Syria Authorities Release Tens of Palestinian Detainees.**
- **Cruel Living Crises at Al Muzaireib Compound in Daraa.**
- **Palestinians of Syria Committee in Lebanon Distributes Urgent Aids to the Refugees at "Biqaa".**
- **Residencies and Reunion are the Most Prominent Suffering of the Palestinian Syrian Refugees in Europe.**

Email: Reports@actionpal.org

Mobile: 00447447423737

Phone: 00442084530919 00442084530994



Victims

The Palestinian refugee "Samir Hasan Salfeity", was born on 1951, died due to a heart attack and lack of suitable medical care inside the Yarmouk camp, raising the siege victims toll to 159 victims, who died due to starvation and lack of medical care, according to the AGPS documentary reports.



Samir Hasan Salfeity

Recent Updates

The Yarmouk refugee camp witnessed shooting towards the refugee, who were gathering near Al Rija square hoping to receive some food aids, but the shooting prevented them and resulted in many injuries amongst them, one of them was identified; the baby girl "Zainab Steity". A state of panic spread amongst the residents who escaped the shooting to the lanes and alleys.



Zainab Steity



Meanwhile, some activists and residents, who were present during the aids distribution, accused the members of the PFGC of shooting them, while the GC groups said that the factions affiliated to the Syrian armed opposition is the one who shot. Therefore, the urgent relief aids was suspended for the 5th week respectively amid actual fears of starvation to death.

In the same context, following the aids distribution suspension, another clashes broke out between the Syrian regular army alongside with Palestinian groups loyal to it and the Syrian opposition groups at all conflict areas. Aknaf Bait Al Maqdis brigades, a group of the Armed opposition at the Yarmouk camp, mentioned, at its website, that it targeted the stationing points of the PFGC members at the entrance of the camp with an explosive bomb in response to preventing the entry of food and medical aids, and cutting drinking water at the Yarmouk camp, according to the statement.

On the other hand, a website, close to the PLO, announced that the Syrian regime released a number of Palestinian Syrian detainees after the PLO unremitting efforts, according to the website, while some activists shared news about the number of the released detainees is only ten.

It is mentioned that there is no official statistic to the number of the Palestinian detainees in the Syrian prisons because of the Syrian Authorities and the security sides secrecies about this file.

However, the AGPS documented the names of 738 Palestinian detainees in the Syrian orisons since the beginning of the war events in Syria, as well as 286 victims died due to torture.

In the south of Syria, the AGPS correspondent confirmed that about 8500 Palestinian refugees are living in a sharp living crises at AL Muzaireib compound due to various reasons, most prominent is the water cut, since it became a very expensive commodity to sell, as the water reservoir price has exceeded 12\$. The need to fuel has intensified in the winter, especially after the temperature has reached -9 degrees Celsius.

Moreover, the markets witnessed a huge increase of fuel prices, as the liter of Gasoline price has reached about 4.5\$, and the liter of diesel has reached 2.5\$, which increased the economic costs and forced the



residents to stay without heating, in light of the loss of gas and its high prices, in case it was available.

The residents being forced to resort to the primitive methods and depending on firewood for heating, cooking, and boiling water and food.

The power is available only for few hours after the general electricity network was affected by the storm, as well as the roads, that were facilitating the residents of having food, vegetable, and bread were closed.



AL Muzaireib compound

It is mentioned that the compound was targeted many times by the Syrian warplanes that resulted in the death of dozens of victims, while the warplanes targeted an UNRWA center in the middle of last February.

In Europe, thousands of Palestinian Syrian refugees, who risked their life to reach Europe, are suffering of several obstacles, the most prominent one is the delay of having residencies, and other obstacles that face them while trying to resume their reunion procedures.

Meanwhile, the required period for having residency in the Nordic is ranging between 3 to 0 months, as well as the reunion procedures, which increase the refugees' suffering, especially those who left their families in Syria, and those who have security tension in one hand, and the high cost of living in the other hand.

In addition to the difficulty of their families to reach the European embassies in the neighboring countries, as Lebanon tightened the



procedures of the Palestinians entry to its territories, while Turkey stopped issuing visas for the Palestinian Syrian refugees several months ago.

It is mentioned that the war forced about 30,000 Palestinian Syrian refugees to leave their camps in Syria, and the neighboring countries, that refused to receive them, also forced them to risk their lives in order to reach Nordic.

Civil Work Committees

Palestinians of Syria Committee in Lebanon carried out an inspection visits to some areas, that inhabitant with Palestinian Syrian refugees at "Biqaa", in order to look over their conditions after the snowstorm that affected the region. It is mentioned that the committee distributed some urgent winter aids to the refugees there.



The Palestinian Camps in Syria, Numbers and Statistics till 10/1/2015

- *At least 27933 Palestinian Syrian refugees have reached Europe during the last 4 years.*
- *2600 Palestinian refugees were documented by the AGPS including 157 women, 286 were killed due to torture, 267 were killed by sniper shot, 84 refugees were field executed, and 985 refugees were killed due to bombing.*



- **The Yarmouk Camp:** - Siege, imposed by the Regular Army and PFGC, continued for **554** days respectively. In addition, power cuts continued for more than **634** days, water was cut for **124** days respectively. The number of victims due to the siege has reached **159** victims.
- **80,000** Palestinian Syrian refugees escaped from Syria to the neighboring towns, including **14348** refugees in Jordan, **42,000** in Lebanon, according to UNRWA statistics till November 2014.
- **Al Husayneyya Camp:** - Regular Army is still preventing the residents of the camp to return back to their houses for **456** days respectively.
- **Al Sbeina Camp:** - Regular Army is still preventing the residents of the camp to return back to their houses for **426** days respectively.
- **Handarat Camp:** - Residents have left the camp for **627** days after the Syrian Opposition Groups controlled it.
- **Dara'a Camp:** - It is now almost **271** days without water and **70%** of its buildings were demolished.
- **Jermana, AL Saieda ZAINAB, Al Raml, Al Aedein Camps in Homs and Hamma:** - A relatively quiet situation in light of the economic crises.
- **Khan Al Sheih Camp:** - Roads linking the camp to the city center are still closed except for Zakia- Khan Al Sheih road.