



التقرير اليومي الخاص بأوضاع اللاجئين الفلسطينيين في سورية

Daily report on the situation of Palestinian refugees in Syria

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"The AGPS Issues its Report "The Palestinian Victims Statistics till July 2015"



- **Bombing Target the Main Street of Khan Al Sheih Camp**
- **Bombing with Explosive Barrels on the Vicinity of Daraa Camp**
- **250 Palestinian Families at Eastern Ghouta Demand to Put an End to their Suffering**
- **The Residents of Al Sayeda Zainab Camp Suffer of Difficult Living Crisis**
- **6000 Displaced Palestinian Families at Qudseyya Live in a Lasting Suffering**
- **The Palestine Charity Continues to Present Its Services to the Residents of Yarmouk Camp**
- **Concluding the Campaign of Ramadan Al Khair No. 7**
- **Distributing Aid to the Palestinians of Syria at Turkey and Launching the Project of Eid Clothing**

Email: Reports@actionpal.org

Mobile: 00447447423737

Phone: 00442084530919 00442084530994



The Action Group for Palestinians of Syria

The AGPS issued its documentary report titled "the Palestinian Victims Statistics till July 2015". The report documents 2910 victims from the Palestinians of Syria, who died for direct reasons such as bombing, clashes, torture in the prisons, explosions and siege, and the indirect reasons such as drowning while trying to reach Europe through the death boats. The report mentions that 1860 victims were distributed to the Palestinian camp at Syria from Daraa in the south passing through Khan Danoun, Khan Al Sheih, Al Saeyda Zainab, Yarmouk, Jaramana, Al Sbeina, Al Husayenaeyya, Al Aedin At Homs and Hama, Al Raml to Handarat and Niarab at north of Syria, in Addition to the victims who died out of their camps in the various Syrian towns and cities. The AGPS report documented with names that 78 Palestinian victims died out of their camps due to torture in the Syrian prisons since the beginning of March 2015, where they were recognized through the leaked pictures for the victims of torture and according to the witness of a released person from the Syrian prisons.

The report also includes a list of 46 names for the Palestinian victims who died at Yarmouk camp after the ISIS incursion in the beginning of April 2015. The AGPS referred that its report is concerned to document the statistics of the Palestinian refugee victims in Syria since the beginning of the conflict till the end of July 2015 and the report is not concerned to document the identity of the direct doer.

To Download the Electronic Copy of the Report Press on this Link:-

<http://www.actionpal.org.uk/ar/reports/special/6-2015.pdf>



Recent Updates

Khan Al Sheih camp at Damascus Suburb was targeted with a number of mortar shells that targeted the main street without any casualties amongst residents, coincided with bombing the adjacent areas and farms in addition to the clashes between the Opposition and the Regular Army at Al Salam Autoustrad crossing.



Khan Al Sheih camp

The warplanes targeted yesterday the adjacent areas of Daraa camp for Palestinian refugees with explosive barrels without any news about casualties. The suffering of Daraa camp, which 70 % of its buildings are destroyed, continues increasing due to the water cut on all the camp for 452 days respectively in addition to the difficulties to move between the camp and the adjacent areas due to the spread of snipers who target any moving thing in the roads that lead to Daraa camp.

In Eastern Ghouta at Damascus Suburb, about 250 Palestinian families distributed to Douma, Zamalka, Hezza and hammoureya renewed their demand through the AGPS to all international sides specially UNRWA,



the Palestine Official sides and the Palestine Embassy at Damascus, the PLA and the European and Arab relief organizations to work to put an end to the suffering of the refugees and to reach the relief aid to them. The families suffer of a severe shortage of the food materials due to the strict siege that the Regular Army imposes on the Eastern Ghouta since September 2013.

The strict siege negatively affected those families and most of them lost their source of income due to war and siege. According to the AGPS correspondent that most of those families don't get any aid and some of them break their fast with soup and if any family was able to buy one Kilo rice they would eat from it for several days. The families also complain that they don't get the UNRWA relief aid due to the spread of snipers in case they reached the UNRWA headquarters at Damascus, which don't distribute at Eastern Ghouta.

Al Sayeda Zainab camp at Damascus Suburb, which is controlled by the Syrian Army and the Popular committees that are affiliated to the army, is considered from the relatively calm camps but its residents suffer of severe economic crises that increased their exhausting costs to the Palestinian families in light of the weak capacities, the lack of financial sources and the spread of unemployment. The situation promoted the residents to travel out to work within the popular committees. It is referred that at the beginning of 2013 an opposition group entered the camp after violent clashes and bombing for 7 months the Syrian Army entered the camp and the Palestinian Popular Committee took the mission to protect the camp. Those battles have negative impacts on the residents of the camp where a big part of the camp was damaged and a



number of residents were victims. Some reports estimated the number of victims and wounded as 100 victims and 200 injured people and the AGPS documented about 42 victims.



Al Sayeda Zainab camp

The suffering continues for about 6000 Palestinian families who left Yarmouk camp and the other camps at Qudseyya area at Damascus Suburb due to the deterioration in the security situation which the area witness such as the fighting between the Opposition and the Syrian Army once in a while. Moreover, they suffer of the arrest campaigns and closing the roads that connect the Qudseyya with the city center by the Regular Army which was negatively reflected on them and prompted many families to leave again from Qudseyya area to areas inside Damascus and its Suburb.

In terms of living, hundreds of Yarmouk displaced Palestinian families at Qudseyya area demanded on 14th of February 2015 the Palestinian and Syrian sides to find a solution to their tragedy through taking the Yarmouk siege away and entering food and medicine to the camp and



returning its residents to their houses and properties. The demands came due to the cruel living situation that they live in such as the high prices, the spread of unemployment, the lack of financial income for most of those families who were forced to rent houses with high costs which caused an economic prices above their loses of their houses and properties at the Palestinian camps.

Civil Work Committee

The Social Studies Department at Palestine Charity distributed financial aid to the elder people of Al Yarmouk Camp, where the aid included the residents of the camp inside and at Yelda town. It is referred that the Palestine Charity volunteers were obliged to leave Yarmouk after the incursion of ISIS on 1st of April 2015.

At Aleppo, the campaign of Ramadan Al Khair7, which is launched by the International Relief Organization in cooperation with the charity organization at the beginning of Ramadan, ended with distributing 350 chicken parcels to the displaced Palestinian families at Handarat Aleppo, who live at the Ninth Unit at the university housing.

In Turkey, the Palestinians of Syria committee in cooperation with the Turkish society for solidarity with the Palestinian people Fedar distributed a number of food parcels and purchase cards to the Palestinian refugees coming from Syria at Istanbul. The Committee declared the launching of Eid clothing project which aims at drawing the smile of the faces of the Palestinian children at south of Turkey.



Distributing financial aid to the elder people of Al Yarmouk Camp

Numbers and Statistics till 11/7/2015

- *At least 36,000 Palestinian Syrian refugees have reached Europe during the last 4 years.*
- *The Yarmouk Camp: - Siege, imposed by the Regular Army and PFGC, continued for 745 days respectively. In addition, power cuts continued for more than 815 days, water was cut for 305 days respectively. The number of victims due to the siege has reached to 177 victims.*
- *Al Husayneyya Camp: - Regular Army is still preventing the residents of the camp to return back to their houses for 626 days respectively.*
- *Al Sbeina Camp: - Regular Army is still preventing the residents of the camp to return back to their houses for 607 days respectively.*
- *Handarat Camp: - Residents have left the camp for 809 days after the Syrian Opposition Groups controlled it.*
- *Dara'a Camp: - It is now almost 452 days without water and 70% of its buildings were demolished.*



<http://www.facebook.com/ActGroup.PalSyria>

- *Jermana, AL Saieda ZAINab, Al Raml, Al Aedein Camps in Homs and Hamma: - A relatively quiet situation in light of the economic crises.*
- *Khan Al Sheih Camp: - Roads linking the camp to the city center are still closed except for Zakia- Khan Al Sheih road.*