



التقرير اليومي الخاص بأوضاع اللاجئين الفلسطينيين في سورية

Daily report on the situation of Palestinian refugees in Syria

FRIDAY 13-03-2015 NO.860

"The AGPS: 118 PLA Victims Including 12 Victims Die since the Beginning of 2015"



- **Two Palestinians Die Due to Torture in the Syrian Regime Prisons**
- **The Residents of the Besieged Yarmouk Camp Demonstrate to Demand the Release of the Detainees in the Syrian Prisons**
- **Al Wafaa European Campaign Distributes Aid to the Palestinians of Syria in Damascus**
- **A State of Anger and Dissatisfaction Among the Residents of Khan Dannon camp Due to the Negligence Against the Camp and its Services**
- **The Turkish Coast Guards Object a Steamer was Carrying Illegal Immigrants**
- **Turkey: a Palestinian Syrian Refugee Meets his Niece after Three Years of Separation**
- **The Palestinians of Syria Committee in Lebanon Distributes Aid to the Palestinians of Syria Refugees**
- **The AGPS and the PRC Issue the English Version of the Documentary Report "Palestinians of Syria, the wound is Still Bleeding"**

Email: Reports@actionpai.org

Mobile: 00447447423737

Phone: 00442084530919 00442084530994



Victims

The two refugees "Ibrahim Mohammed Amer" from the Yarmouk camp died due to torture in the Syrian prisons after being arrested for more than two years, and the young man, "Abdul Latif Saed" also from the besieged Yarmouk refugee camp died due to torture in the Syrian prisons. It is mentioned that he was working in a barber shop at Hamdan Bakery Street and lives next to Maher sweets shop.



Abdul Latif Saed

Their two bodies were identified through the leaked images of the torture victims in the Syrian regime's prisons, where the number of torture victims of Palestinian refugees who have been identified so far is(6) victims, raising the total toll of torture victims of Palestinians of, who are documented by the AGPS, to (303) victims.

Recent Updates

The AGPS documentation and monitoring team announced that they documented the details of 118 PLA victims who died since the beginning of the ongoing war in Syria, while most of them died due to the military operations in Damascus suburb.

The group revealed that 21 PLA victims died since the beginning of 2015, including 4 died during January 2015; they are: Mohannad Mohammed Faris, Abdul Latif SaedGhazawi, Mohammed Wasiem Al Shibly, and



Ahmed Zeyad Ahmed. Meanwhile, 17 victims died during February; they are: Mahmoud Al Khatib, Ahmed Mohammed Kareem, Mohammed Saif Al Dein, HussamSwed, Khalid Ibrahim, the Corporal Soldier "Abdullah Faisal Hijo, Ayman Mahmoud Mohammed, Mohammed Mahmoud Al Saiedi, Ammar Ahmed Ahmed, Basil Mahmoud Abdullah, Husam Ahmed Al Daya, NasruldeinSaqubraq, Jameel Mohammed, Ismat Ismael, Yazan Ramiz Al Dabbagh, Mahmoud Hazim Abu Jarboua, and Khaldoun Al Nader.

Meanwhile, a number of activists and families of the victims and the soldiers who are obliged to perform the compulsory military service renewed their demand of not involve their relatives in the ongoing conflict in Syria and not send them to the tension areas. They also demanded to stop bloodshed of the Palestinian youth in a battle that is not theirs. It is mentioned that the Palestinian refugees in Syria are obliged to perform the PLA military service, the thing that forced many youth who refuse to perform it, to travel to the neighboring towns.

On the other hand, a number of the Yarmouk camp residents in Damascus came out yesterday in a demonstration followed Friday prayers at the Abdul-Qader al-Husseini Mosque, where demonstrators marched in the camp's streets demanding the release of the young man, "Mahmoud Tamim" and all Palestinian detainees in the Syrian prisons.



The demonstration in Yarmouk camp

The protesters appealed to all the Palestinian factions and the Palestinian people in Palestine and abroad to stand for the detainees who are killed inside the prisons. It is mentioned that the number of torture



victims in Syrian prisons amounted to 302, while the toll of the detainees who are documented by the AGPS is 787.

In Damascus, Al Wafaa European campaign distributed on last Thursday 750 food rations to the displaced Palestinian Syrians who are distributed in the shelters in the city of Damascus, in order to alleviate their stressful economic suffering due to the continuing war in Syria.

In Damascus suburb, a state of anger and dissatisfaction spread among the people of Khan Dannon camp south of the capital Damascus because of the great neglect of the camp and its services. The sewage roams the streets of the camp for several days and the parents had previously directed several appeals for UNRWA and for those responsible to repair the damage, but no one stirred, as described by the people of the camp. Meanwhile, observers and doctors warned of an outbreak of epidemics and diseases in the camp as a result of the continued flow of contaminated water and of not processing it rapidly.



Khan Dannon camp

Khan Dannon camp is considered the poorest of the Palestinian refugee camps in Syria, as its residents rely on the financial and relief aid provided by UNRWA between now and then. They also suffer of hard living crises manifested in the food shortages and the spread of unemployment and poverty, in addition to power, water, and communications cut off for long periods. It is noted that the AGPS has documented the names of 27 victims from Khan Dannon camp who died during the war in Syria, in addition to five detainees.



On the other hand, Turkish coast guards stopped a cargo ship in the Dardanelles Strait in northwestern Turkey's Canakkale province Thursday that carried around 400 illegal immigrants, a local official said.

"According to our initial information, around 400 illegal Syrian immigrants were on board," Canakkale governor, Ahmet Cinar, said, adding that, "There was no resistance, casualties or injuries on the ship."

Authorities faced some challenges in bringing the ship to a halt. "Despite all the warnings from Turkish officials, the ship wouldn't stop," Cinar recalled.

The Turkish coast guards had to resort to force to halt the ship. At first, the method of mooring was tried. "Our goal was to prevent people on board from any damage," the governor said.

However, when the vessel repeatedly failed to yield to authorities' warnings, the coast guards opened fire on the ship's machinery. "Eventually, the ship stopped completely due to the locked steering," he said.



The ship that the Turkish coast guards stopped

On a different side, we shed light on a part of the Diaspora situation that the Palestinians of Syria refugees suffer were the Palestinian refugee Othman met his niece that he don't know anything about her family since three years when he was obliged to leave with thousands of Palestinian refugees from the Yarmouk camp due to Syrian warplanes raids on the



camp on 16th of December 2012 that led to the death of tens of the Yarmouk's residents and a number of wounded amongst the civilians.

Othman who escaped of the ongoing hell of war in Syria to Turkey met his niece by an invitation from the committee of the Palestinians of Syria in Antakya to get meat parcels from the International Relief Commission where it was the meeting that mixed with the tears of sadness and happiness that impacted the attendance who suffer the same pain. It is mentioned that the number of the Palestinian refugees in Turkey, who escaped the ongoing war in Syria and were distributed on the Turkish cities, is between 3000 and 5000 Palestinian refugees.

In Lebanon, the Committee of the Palestinians of Syria in Lebanon in cooperation with the social committee at Al Taqwa mosque in Nahr Al Bared camp ended the distribution of shoes, clothes and stationary presented from Al Wafaa European campaign for the Palestinians of Syria students in Lebanon at UNRWA schools such as Gaza, Al Manar, Bteer and JabalTabour and some kindergartens such as Al Aqsa, Reyad Al Saleheen, Al Etehad, GhassanKanafani, Ein Salem, Al Najda and Al Quds so the beneficiaries number reached 550 female and male students.

It is mentioned that the number of the Palestinians of Syria refugees in Lebanon reached about 51000 refugees including 45% children. The refugees are distributed on several areas in Lebanon specially the camps that witness overcrowdings. The legal status of the Palestinians of Syria refugees in Lebanon, securing housing and the high rent costs are amongst the most prominent problems that the Palestinians of Syria in Lebanon suffer, in a time that the Lebanese authorities issue laws to prevent the entry and work of the Palestinian refugees.

Action Group for Palestinians of Syria

The AGPS and the Palestine Return Center in London issued yesterday the English version of the documentary field report that monitors the Palestinians of Syria conditions during the second half of 2014.

The report, which is titled as "Palestinians of Syria, the Wound is still bleeding" prepared by the specialized Palestinian scholars, explains the Palestinians of Syria case from different sides, where it contains 106



pages and were divided into four axis, each one discusses the detailed points that shed light on the continuous suffering of the Palestinians of Syria for more than three years. It is mentioned that the AGPS allows getting the report for free on its website on the following link:

<http://goo.gl/mpN7Yq>

Numbers and Statistics till 13/3/2015

- *At least 27933 Palestinian Syrian refugees have reached Europe during the last 4 years.*
- *2689 Palestinian victims were documented by the AGPS.*
- ***The Yarmouk Camp:** - Siege, imposed by the Regular Army and PFGC, continued for 615 days respectively. In addition, power cuts continued for more than 695 days, water was cut for 185 days respectively. The number of victims due to the siege has reached to 172 victims.*
- *80,000 Palestinian Syrian refugees escaped from Syria to the neighboring towns, including 10,687 refugees in Jordan, 51,300 in Lebanon and 6,000 refugees in Egypt, according to UNRWA statistics till February 2015.*
- ***Al Husayneyya Camp:** - Regular Army is still preventing the residents of the camp to return back to their houses for 517 days respectively.*
- ***Al Sbeina Camp:** - Regular Army is still preventing the residents of the camp to return back to their houses for 486 days respectively.*
- ***Handarat Camp:** - Residents have left the camp for 688 days after the Syrian Opposition Groups controlled it.*
- ***Dara'a Camp:** - It is now almost 332 days without water and 70% of its buildings were demolished.*
- ***Jermana, AL Saieda ZAINAB, Al Raml, Al Aedein Camps in Homs and Hamma:** - A relatively quiet situation in light of the economic crises.*
- ***Khan Al Sheih Camp:** - Roads linking the camp to the city center are still closed except for Zakia- Khan Al Sheih road.*