



التقرير اليومي الخاص بأوضاع اللاجئين الفلسطينيين في سورية

Daily report on the situation of Palestinian refugees in Syria

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“The Displaced People of the Yarmouk Camp Demand to Return and to Neutralize the Camp... The Syrian Security Forces Arrested a Refugee While Returning from Lebanon to Syria”



Hunger lines in the Yarmouk camp

- **The Civil Council in the Yarmouk Camp Demands to End the Yarmouk Siege through the AGPS**
- **The Prevention of Entering Food Aids to the Yarmouk Camp is still Continuous**
- **A State of Relative Quietness at Al Sayeda Zainab Camp in Damascus Suburb**
- **Food Aids Distribution at the Palestinians of Syria in Al ZainaVally, Burj Al Barajna, and Al Bidawy Camps in Lebanon**

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Recent Updates

Hundreds of Palestinian families, who were displaced from the Yarmouk camp to Qudseia area in Damascus suburb, demanded again the Palestinian and the Syrian concerned parties to find a solution to their tragedy by ending the Yarmouk siege and entering food and medicine supplies, in addition to return back to their houses and properties. These demands come in light of the continued deterioration of the security situation at Qodsaya area between the Syrian opposition forces and the Regular army between now and then.

It should be noted that about "6000" Palestinian families displaced from their camps in Syria to the town of Qudsaya are suffering from difficult living conditions as a result of high prices and unemployment as well as because of the absence of a material income for most of these families, who were forced to rent houses at high prices which caused economic and material crisis over their plight and the loss of their homes and property in the Palestinian camps

In the meantime, the residents of the Yarmouk camp south of Damascus waited for long hours at the aids distribution point in Alrija Square, waiting for the distribution of aid provided by UNRWA, but despite the cold weather and rain they returned without getting the aid that was not allowed to enter the camp for more than 75 days.

The suspension of food aids has led to the deterioration of living conditions and the return of starvation, amid fears of new casualties due to starvation and lack of medical care in case of continuing the suffocating siege and preventing the entry of food aids and medicine.

In the same context, the Head of the Civil Council, Mr. Fawzi Hamid, appealed the world to save the besieged Yarmouk camp, and described the situation as catastrophic, through the AGPS.

Mr. Hamid said to the Group's correspondent, "The camp lives in a disastrous tragic life, since the crisis began in the Yarmouk refugee camp, we are suffering the same fate, suffocating siege, no food, no medicine, no air but polluted, no electricity, and no water for more than four months". He also added, " we launched several calls for the official, international, humanitarian, regional, Arab, local sides and the PLO, but unfortunately no one responded to these calls and appeals, "At the end of



his speech, the Civil Council made a distress call, through the AGPS, on behalf of the Yarmouk camp that " Save the Residents of the Camp, there are more than 25,000 besieged people inside suffer death, which killed, until today, more than 165 victims.



Mr. Fawzi Hamid

In terms of the educational aspect, despite the suffering of the Yarmouk of shelling, hunger, and thirst, but its residents insisted on following-up the educational process through the establishment of alternative educational centers and schools; such as "Baraem AL Thilal" kindergarten. This kindergarten was created by a number of activists in the Yarmouk refugee camp where they provided and prepared the place and also provided the teaching staff and educational tools. The activists struggled to overcome all obstacles to receive children whose number has reached to 120 children, with the aim of raising the educational, social, and psychological normalcy for children in order to continue the educational process.



"Baraem AL Thilal" kindergarten



On the other side, Al Saeyda Zainab camp for Palestinian refugees in Damascus Suburb witnesses a relatively calm state though the sounds of heavy bombing that rocked the camp due to targeting the surrounding areas. In terms of living, the residents complain of many economic crises such as the continuation of the power cut for long periods and the lack of food, fuel and the difficulty to get bread.

Detainees

The Syrian Security arrested the Palestinian Refugee AmjadMotasem, from Handarat camp, while he was returning back from Lebanon to Syria. Amjad was arrested from the Factory Boarder Area t one of the security departments. The AGPS announced that the number of the Palestinian kidnapped and detained refugees since the beginning of the Syrian war is 818 refugees, and also documented 293 Palestinian victims due to torture in the Syrian prisons.

Lebanon

The Charity Commission for the Relief of the Palestinian People in cooperation with the International Relief Organization launched a project titled “Ruhama Binahum” to distribute food aids to the displaced Palestinians of Syria in Lebanon, where the distribution included Burj Al Barajna camp in Beirut andWadi Al Zena area in Sidon south of Lebanon.

In a related context, the committee of the Palestinians of Syria in Lebanon in cooperation with Al Quds Charity Committee ended the second stage of distributing a number of food baskets and blankets on the displaced Palestinian families from Syria in Al Baddawi camp in Tripoli. In Nahr El Bared, the committee also in cooperation with Social Work Committee of Hamas ended the distribution of 240 food parcels to the Palestinians of Syria families. The committee was able to secure a hip fixation device for NerminSweed; she is a child from the Yarmouk camp in Lebanon who is getting treatment at Haifa hospital in Burj Al Barajna hospital.



Distributing food aids in Lebanon

Numbers and Statistics till 13/2/2015

- *At least 27933 Palestinian Syrian refugees have reached Europe during the last 4 years.*
- *2648 Palestinian refugee victims were documented by the AGPS.*
- ***The Yarmouk Camp:** - Siege, imposed by the Regular Army and PFGC, continued for 588 days respectively. In addition, power cuts continued for more than 668 days, water was cut for 158 days respectively. The number of victims due to the siege has reached to 165 victims.*
- *80,000 Palestinian Syrian refugees escaped from Syria to the neighboring towns, including 10,687 refugees in Jordan, 51,300 in Lebanon and 6,000 refugees in Egypt, according to UNRWA statistics till February 2015.*
- ***Al Husayneyya Camp:** - Regular Army is still preventing the residents of the camp to return back to their houses for 490 days respectively.*
- ***Al Sbeina Camp:** - Regular Army is still preventing the residents of the camp to return back to their houses for 459 days respectively.*
- ***Handarat Camp:** - Residents have left the camp for 661 days after the Syrian Opposition Groups controlled it.*
- ***Dara'a Camp:** - It is now almost 305days without water and 70% of its buildings were demolished.*
- ***Jermana, AL SaiedaZainab, Al Raml, Al Aedein Camps in Homs and Hamma:** - A relatively quiet situation in light of the economic crises.*
- ***Khan Al Sheih Camp:** - Roads linking the camp to the city center are still closed except for Zakia- Khan Al Sheih road.*