



مجموعة العمل من أجل فلسطينيي سورية
Action Group For Palestinians of Syria

16-04-2018

No. 1990

التقرير اليومي

الخاص بأوضاع اللاجئين الفلسطينيين في سورية

Daily report on the situation of Palestinian refugees in Syria



"10 Palestinians injured after the bombardment of Deraa camp with a number of mortar shells"

- Palestinian refugee dies following the bombardment of Yarmouk camp with mortar shells
- Rocket and artillery bombardment of Yarmouk camp and military crowds in the neighboring town of Hejira
- The European Court of Justice provides for the reunification of minors' families even after reaching the age of 18

+442084530978

/Actgroup.palsyria

reports@actionpal.org.uk

www.actionpal.org.uk



مجموعة العمل من أجل فلسطينيي سورية
Action Group For Palestinians of Syria

Victims

Palestinian refugee, “Ahmed Abd El-Nasser Azima,” has died of his injuries, after Yarmouk camp was bombarded with rockets and artillery missiles by the Syrian regime forces.



On its part, the Action Group’s Monitoring and Documentation Team confirmed that the number of refugees from Yarmouk camp who have died since the beginning of the war in Syria, has risen to 1348 victims.

Latest Developments

The Action Group’s correspondent has reported that 10 civilians have been injured in Deraa camp for Palestinian refugees in south Syria yesterday, after the Syrian regime forces bombarded its neighborhoods with mortar shells, adding that two of the casualties are in critical conditions.





مجموعة العمل من أجل فلسطينيي سورية
Action Group For Palestinians of Syria

According to our correspondent, the people are finding great difficulties in providing first aid and medicines for the treatment of the injured, as a result of the bombardment of the camp and its neighboring towns, especially with the road cuts and the ongoing clashes in the areas surrounding the camp.

Meanwhile, in south Damascus, different areas across Yarmouk camp were bombarded with rockets and artillery missiles, killing the Palestinian refugee, “Ahmed Abd El-Nasser Azima,” and injuring others.

On its part, ISIS continued to intensify its fortifications, dig tunnels, lift dirt mounds, deploy improvised explosive devices, manufacturing some ammunition and deploy its snipers, on the battlefields and the points of contact with the Syrian regime forces.

In the meantime, media sources opposing to the Syrian regime stated that the Ghaith Forces, one of the groups of the “Fourth Division,” the most famous military team in the regime's army, proceeded to the town of Hejira, which is adjacent to Al-Hajar Al-Aswad.





مجموعة العمل من أجل فلسطينيين سورية
Action Group For Palestinians of Syria

According to the sources, eyewitnesses confirmed that the fortifications of the “Fourth Division” included; tanks, machinery, a group of foot soldiers and vehicles transporting ammunition and heavy machine guns, where the regime has been mobilizing its forces in the surrounding areas of Yarmouk camp and Al-Hajar Al-Aswad for the past two weeks. The Liwaa Al-Quds and National Defense Forces militias, as well as groups of the Republican Guard and others from the Qalamoun Shield Forces, proceeded to the region of south Damascus.

In another context, the European Court of Justice (ECJ) ruled that the minor refugees who reached Europe without their parents, retain their right to family reunification even if they have reached the age of majority during the request of asylum process.

According to the decision of the (ECJ), which was issued on Thursday 12th of April 2018, the minor refugees who applied for asylum in the European Union when they were under 18 years of age, can retain their right to family reunification, even if they reach the age of 18 before receiving their right of asylum.

They must apply for family reunification within three months after their asylum applications are accepted, and refugees in this category will be considered "minors," despite reaching the age of 18 or more. The report also states that the costs of the reunification process are not at the expense of the member states of the European Union.

The German Deutsche Welle clarified that the people who the right of asylum, can transfer the direct members of their families to Germany, according to the Federal Office for Migration and



مجموعة العمل من أجل فلسطينيي سورية
Action Group For Palestinians of Syria

Refugees. The direct family members include the husband, wife and children. In the case of minors, siblings under the age of 18 or the parents can be reunified.

In 2016, family unification work was suspended for two years, for the persons who have received temporary protection. The decision will allow the temporary protection holders, to reunite with their families, starting from the end of July 2018.

According to the figures of the Federal Office for Migration and Refugees in Germany, approximately 66300 of the minors unaccompanied with their parents, entered Germany between January 2015 and October 2017.

Palestinians of Syria: April 15, 2018 Statistics:

- The total number of victims documented by the Action Group is 3694, including 467 women
- 1674 Palestinians are locked up behind Syrian government's bars, 106 of which are women
- Yarmouk refugee camp is under the Syrian regime army and Popular Front for the Liberation of Palestine's siege for 1,731 days in a row
- 206 refugees, mainly in Yarmouk Camp, have died due to lack of medical care and malnutrition
- Water supplies have been cut off Deraa Camp for 1466 days, and 1315 days in Yarmouk Camp



مجموعة العمل من أجل فلسطينيي سورية
Action Group For Palestinians of Syria

- The Regime army has been in control of Handarat camp for more than 563 days. More than 80% of its buildings have been completely or partially destroyed.
- Approximately 85 thousand Palestinian-Syrian refugees fled to Europe by the end of 2016, while 31 thousand refugees are estimated to be in Lebanon, 17 thousand refugees are sheltered in Jordan, 6 thousand refugees are in Egypt, 8 thousand refugees are staying in Turkey, and one thousand Palestinian-Syrians are in Gaza.