



التقرير اليومي الخاص بأوضاع اللاجئين الفلسطينيين في سورية

Daily report on the situation of Palestinian refugees in Syria

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"Explosive Barrels Target Daraa Camp, and the Regime Prevents the Displaced People to Enter Opposition Controlled Areas"



- **Shelling at Yarmouk, and Spread of Jaundice and Typhoid Again**
- **Violent Shelling with Rockets and Explosive Barrels at Khan Al Shieh Camp**
- **The Local Council of Beit Sahem Denies Rumors about Demanding Yarmouk Residents to Leave the Town**
- **The Syrian Security Arrest a 50-year-Palestinian Refugee**
- **Al Marhama Convoy Continues Distributing Aid to the Yarmouk Residents in Yelda Town**
- **The Pace of Protests Raises in Many Palestinian Camps in Lebanon Against UNRWA's Decisions**
- **Palestinians of Syria Committee in Turkey Organizes a Visit to Konya City to Check the Conditions of the Palestinian Syrian Families**

Email: Reports@actionpal.org

Mobile: 00447447423737

Phone: 00442084530919 00442084530994



Recent Updates

Syrian aircraft dropped two explosive barrels on Daraa camp for Palestinian refugees south of Syria, causing significant damage in the place where they fall.

Checkpoints of the Syrian regime forces closed all roads leading to Daraa camp, Al Shara, and Al Daheya area, and prevented residents from leaving Daraa Al Mahatta to the areas controlled by the Syrian armed opposition.

The Syrian regime forces have issued instructions that would crack down on the people of Daraa camp who were displaced to the regime control areas, where those instructions to prevent the residents of movement between their camp, which is controlled by the armed opposition, and the Syrian regime regions.



Explosive barrels dropped on Daraa camp

Meanwhile, residents were asked to choose residing in one of the two areas, causing a gap between Palestinian families, and preventing them



to check on their homes and properties in the areas controlled by the opposition,

According to unofficial estimates, shelling and repeated clashes taking place in Daraa camp since the beginning of the war have caused the destruction of about 70% of the buildings, while the remained refugees suffer of very dangerous humanitarian situations.

In the same context, artillery bombing targeted different areas of the Yarmouk Camp south of Damascus, and resulted in only material damages.



Artillery bombing targeted Yarmouk Camp

In the meantime, medical sources reported that many diseases to spread returned again among the people of the Yarmouk camp; such as Jaundice, typhoid, and diseases related to lack of water such as kidney, pancreas, and hygiene-related skin diseases.

The spread of such diseases came as a result of siege imposed on the camp by the regular army and the PFGC, the continued power cuts, the lack of medicines, and the lack of medical care.



During the last period, the number of sick cases who were registered was as follows: (27) case of typhoid fever (typhoid), (28) case of septic hepatitis (jaundice), and (46) case of respiratory infection, pointing out that most of them are children.

Al Marhama convoy continued to distribute aid to the displaced people from the Yarmouk Palestinian refugee camp in Damascus, and who are in the adjacent town of Yalda, where aid included baby milk and food rations.



Al Marhama convoy

It is worth mentioning that thousands of people in the Yarmouk refugee camp had fled after ISIS storming early on April 2015.

In a different context, the local council of Beit Sahem town in Damascus suburb issued a statement denying rumors about to giving the residents, who were displaced from Yarmouk to Beit Sahem town after ISIS storming, a couple of days to leave the town.

The statement, which the AGPS received a copy of it, confirmed that the cause of confusion contributes to the abuse of some residents of Yarmouk who are living in a building, which prompted the owners of these



buildings to demand the departure of the offended only, and gave them two days to leave, but the Senate and the local council agreed to address abuses and find quickly solutions to these problems. "

The statement stressed the importance of brotherhood bonds among the people of Beit Sahem and the people of Yarmouk who fled to the town after ISIS storming early on April 2015, noting that the people of the Beit Sahem refused to open a shelter for the displaced residents of Yarmouk, but they opened residential buildings and prepared them as much as possible in order to preserve their feelings, and to secure the most basic necessities of life to the displaced people of Yarmouk.

Meanwhile, the local council of Beit Sahem denounced provocative campaigns and rumors of territorial obnoxious characteristic, which is trying to abuse the people of Beit Sahem, creating a gap between them and the people of the Yarmouk camp.



Beit Sahem local council statement

Turning to Damascus suburb, where heavy shelling with rockets and explosive barrels targeted Khan Al Shieh camp at night yesterday.



Our correspondent inside the camp confirmed that the helicopters threw three explosive barrels on the camp, targeting Al Salam Hospital, the vicinity of Al Andalus shops, and the old market, which resulted in casualties among civilians.

In addition to the state of tension and panic that spread among residents who suffer from the continuing deterioration of the security situation in the regions and farms adjacent to the camp.

A number of shells and bombing targeted the eastern region of Khan Al Shieh camp and the adjacent farms yesterday, coincided with the outbreak of violent clashes between the Syrian army and groups of the Syrian armed opposition in Drousha area, with our correspondent reported that the regular army forces targeted the road linking Khan Al Shieh_ Zakya and Alabasah lands.

Arrest

The Syrian regime forces arrested the Palestinian refugee Mr. Asaad Mohammed Haj Mahmoud, 55 years, from Al Latakia area.

Lebanon

In the context of protests escalation against the UNRWA's decisions that stated to cut financial aid to Palestinian refugees, dozens of displaced Palestinian Syrian refugee in Lebanon carried out several sit-ins.



The sit-ins was implemented in the camps of AL Burj Al Shamali, Al Rashedia, Al Bass, and Bidawi in Tyre city southern Lebanon and Tripoli in northern Lebanon in front of the UNRWA office. The protestors denounced the recent decisions taken by UNRWA which stated to cut off shelter allowance, demanding the Palestinian factions, the PLO, and the human rights organizations to take immediate action to put pressure on UNRWA in order to stop these decisions.

It was mentioned that at the end of the sit-in, Palestinians of Syria and civil and popular Palestinian committees delivered a protest note to the director of UNRWA demanded UNRWA to reconsider its decision, which will have negative repercussions on the living and humanitarian conditions of Palestinian refugees displaced from Syria to Lebanon.



Turkey

Palestinians of Syria Committee in Turkey organized a visit to 20 Palestinian Syrian families located in the city of Konya, in order to see their suffering and their living conditions, and in the end of the visit the committee provided them with financial assistance.



It is noteworthy that thousands of Palestinian refugees have fled from Syria to Turkey because of the bombing of their camps and entering in the conflict, where unofficial statistics indicate that the number of Palestinian Syrian refugees who are in Turkey ranges between 3,000 and 5,000 refugees.

Numbers and Statistics till 15/6/2015

- *80,000 Palestinian refugees escaped from Syria, including 10,687 refugees in Jordan, 51300 refugees in Lebanon, and 6,000 refugees in Egypt, according to the UNRWA's statistics till February 2015.*
- *At least 35,000 Palestinian Syrian refugees have reached Europe during the last 4 years.*
- *The number of Palestinian detainees who were documented by the AGPS has reached 888 detainees, and 398 victims were killed due to torture in the Syrian prisons.*
- *The Yarmouk Camp: - Siege, imposed by the Regular Army and PFGC, continued for 718 days respectively. In addition, power cuts continued for more than 788 days, water was cut for 278 days respectively. The number of victims due to the siege has reached to 176 victims.*
- *Al Husayneyya Camp: - Regular Army is still preventing the residents of the camp to return back to their houses for 599 days respectively.*
- *Al Sbeina Camp: - Regular Army is still preventing the residents of the camp to return back to their houses for 580 days respectively.*



<http://www.facebook.com/ActGroup.PalSyria>

- *Handarat Camp: - Residents have left the camp for 782 days after the Syrian Opposition Groups controlled it.*
- *Dara'a Camp: - It is now almost 425 days without water and 70% of its buildings were demolished.*
- *Jermana, AL Saieda ZAINAB, Al Raml, Al Aedein Camps in Homs and Hamma: - A relatively quiet situation in light of the economic crises.*
- *Khan Al Sheih Camp: - Roads linking the camp to the city center are still closed except for Zakia- Khan Al Sheih road.*