



## التقرير اليومي الخاص بأوضاع اللاجئين الفلسطينيين في سورية

Daily report on the situation of Palestinian refugees in Syria

TUESDAY 19-8-2014 NO.655

### *“One Victim and Dozens of Wounded Due to Five Explosive Barrels Dropped on Khan Al Sheih Camp”*



The effects of shelling on Khan AlSheih camp with explosive barrels

- The Action Group for Palestinians of Syria issues a report titled as “Palestinians of Syria in Lebanon...Unknown Future”.
- Two Palestinians were killed due to the continuation conflict in Syria.
- A state of tension spread amongst the residents of Khan Dannoun camp due to the deterioration of the security situation in the surrounding areas.
- An initiative to support Palestinians of Syria in Gaza named” Karmel”.
- A Palestinian refugee from Al Nairab camp in Aleppo was arrested.

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### **Victims**

*Zeiad Ibrahim Al Sayed from Al Aedein camp in Homs was killed due to torture in the Syrian regime prisons, it is mentioned that he was arrested on 14-6-2014.*

*The young woman “Hala Fayez Saleh Sanad” from Khan Al Sheih camp was killed due to wounded she attained as a result of bombing with explosive barrels.*

*It is worth mentioning that the Action Group for Palestinians of Syria announced that the number of Palestinian Syrian refugee victims from Khan Al Sheih camp, due to the ongoing events in Syria, is 73 victims, according to statistics that published on July 2014.*



***Hala Fayez Saleh Sanad***

### **Recent Updates**

*Heavy shelling with explosive barrels targeted Khan Al Sheih camp in Damascus city which resulted in the death of the young woman Hala Fayez Sanad and a number of wounded in addition to the massive destruction of civilian houses and properties.*

*This bombing came in light of the deterioration of the security situation in the surrounding areas which led to the closure of Zakia-Khan Al Sheih road, the only way that connects the camp with the city center of Damascus. The deterioration of the security situation also resulted in suffocating living crises and the lack of food supplies and bread, in addition to the continuation of power, telecommunication and internet cut for long periods.*



***The effects of shelling on Khan AlSheih camp with explosive barrels***

*Meanwhile, checkpoints of the regular army and groups of Public Front-General Command, who besieged the Yarmouk camp south of Damascus for more than a year, allowed the high school students, who got out of the camp on 1-8-2014 to apply the completion course of high school, to return back to the camp. The residents are still suffering due to the prevention of entering food aid to the camp for the ninth day respectively.*

*On the other side, a fear state spread amongst the residents of Khan Danoun Camp due to sounds of violent explosions which resulted from a car explosion. The Explosion targeted the regular army forces that were centralized on Taiba town coincided with clashes between the opposition forces and the regular army on Al Tiba crossing.*



***Khan Danoun Camp***



*The Residents of the camp are still suffering of water and electricity cut which forced the residents to buy from private water tanks. The water of the private tanks is expensive and not enough because it is difficult to be brought to the camp. It is referred that the camp receives hundreds of families who were displaced from their camps because of the bombings, clashes and siege.*

*In the south of Syria, the Dara'a camp suffers of a severe shortage of medical services and food materials in addition to the lack of drinking water because the bombings and frequent clashes in the camp and its surroundings which led to huge destruction in big parts in the camp. The clashes and bombings forced the residents to leave the camp to the surrounding areas because they fear to lose their life.*

*Al Aedin camp in Homs residents complain their bad economical situation that they live due to the reflection of the conflict on them. The residents suffer of unemployment, the high prices, power cut and the security tight. In terms of relief activities, The UNRWA distributed food aids on the poor camp residents and the camp station for relief distributed food packages on the displaced Palestinians of Syria.*



*Distribution of food aids in Al Aedin camp in Homs*

### ***Detainees***

*The Ramousa forces that follow the regular army arrested Ali Abdullah Meiri 55 years from Al Nairab camp.*



### **Release**

*Ali Mohammed Humaid from Al Aedin camp in Homs was released in 17th of August 2014 after he was arrested for 18 hours. His origin is from Ein Al Zaitoun in Palestine.*

### **Civil Work Committees**

*The services team at Jafra organization sprinkled the pesticides on the streets of the Yarmouk camp to vector control and to prevent and control emerging infectious diseases.*

### **The Action Group for Palestinians of Syria**

*The Action Group issued a report titled as Palestinians of Syria in Lebanon...Unknown Future "Situation Assessment". It discusses the situation of the Palestinians of Syria Refugees in Lebanon and highlighted their real living, education and social miserable status in Lebanon. The report clarifies the distribution places for the Palestinians of Syria in camps, compounds and cities in Lebanon.*

*The report stressed on that the Refugees in Lebanon are exposed to campaigns of incitement at all levels, which are authorized by the House of Representatives and the Lebanese officials under various names such as public safety or the maintenance of security or other reasons they marketed to alleviate the "burden" that caused by the issue of Syrian refugees in Lebanon, according to some.*

*It is referred that in the absence of Palestinian, Arab and international formal movement, the future of Palestinian refugees from Syria to Lebanon can hold one of the following four scenarios such the voluntary return, the forcible return, the mass deportation and the asylum to camps.*

*The report mentioned that the Likely scenario is the second scenario "the forcibly return" in its two forms "smooth and rough", the justifications for this choice is the remarkable decline in the number of Palestinian refugees from Syria to Lebanon and the procedures followed by the Lebanese government against them.*



*Finally the report was ended with some recommendations. The continues crisis in Syria that lasts for more than three years has dismantled the Palestinian social structure and led to severe impacts on refugees in light of the apparent and irresponsible absence of formal representation which forms a clear threat to the existence of the Palestinians and made it vulnerable to the previous scenarios so: The leaders of the Palestinian people should work under the dictates of such trait and move fast and effective and fruitful communication cooperation with the Lebanese authorities to grant legal protection for the Palestinian refugees and to stop any action that would prejudice the refugees. Activating the role of UNRWA as directly responsible for the Palestinian refugees and securing legal protection for them in Lebanon, in addition to its relief work.*

*And addressing the Lebanese authorities to fulfill their regional and international obligations and to work under the Casablanca Protocol and the Convention of the Prevention of Torture Article (3), which banned any State Party to "expel any person or return (" forcibly return ") or handling a person to another State where there are substantial grounds for believing that he would be in danger of being subjected to torture "as well as respect for the Universal Declaration of human Rights, which provided for the right to life, liberty, personal safety and the inadmissibility of the arrest of any person or detention or arbitrary exile.*

*To look at the complete report press the link below:*

<http://goo.gl/bRxIIM>

### **Gaza**

*The Committee of Refugees Affairs launched from Syria to Gaza a campaign titled as karmel to support the Palestinians of Syria Refugees families who ran away from the conflict in Syria to the Gaza Strip. The campaign aims to highlight the Suffering of 246 Palestinian Syrian Families which are 1000 people most of them from women and children, where they suffer from inhumane situations due to the countenance of the siege imposed on the Gaza Strip for years in addition to the lack of potentials for the Palestinian Government in the Gaza Strip which led to inability to provide the Strip with living support for the refugees.*



*The Last war on the Gaza Strip left the Palestinians of Syria refugees in Gaza in misery situations especially in light of the deterioration of the medical and living situation. In addition to the war which resulted in huge damage of housing places. Most of the Palestinians of Syria refugees lost their source of support such as the family, government and the civil support, in addition to their official status which doesn't allow them to leave the strip because the bad treatment of the Egyptian authorities and the expiry of their travel documents, also they are afraid to return them back to Syria and to be handled to the Syrian regime.*

*It is referred that The Committee of Palestinian Refugees Affairs from Gaza to Syria was established in 2013 to highlight the suffering of the Palestinians of Syria refugees and to alleviate their pain. The Committee contains of 11 people from the Palestinians of Syria refugees.*

### **UNRWA**

*The United Nations Relief and Working Agency "UNRWA" filled the ATM cards of the Palestinians of Syria refugees in Lebanon, who recorded their names in UNRWA till 30th June 2014. It is referred that the number of the Palestinians of Syria refugees in Lebanon is 51000 people as 14000 families, According to the UNRWA Statistics.*