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مجموعة العمل

من أجل فلسطينيي سورية
Action Group For Palestinians of Syria



التقرير اليومي



الخاص بأوضاع اللاجئين الفلسطينيين في سورية
The situation of Palestinian refugees in Syria

Civilians Call for Identification of Buildings at Risk of Collapse in Yarmouk Refugee Camp

- **Palestinians in Northern Syria Continue to Rally over Dire Conditions**
- **UNRWA in Jordan Conducts Poll for PRS**
- **Palestinian Doctor Emad AlDeen Sai'id Forcibly Disappeared by Syrian Regime for 10th Year**



Latest Developments

Residents of Yarmouk camp in Damascus called on the Palestinian Engineers Union to identify buildings that are at risk of collapse and to submit an official report to the Yarmouk municipality and Damascus governorate.

Civilians said buildings at risk of collapse should be removed.

A few days earlier, a four-story building in Yarmouk collapsed.

In the conflict, the camp became an uninhabited wasteland of bomb-shattered buildings.

Along similar lines, displaced Palestinian refugees continue to rally for the ninth consecutive day in Deir Ballout and Muhammadiya camps, north of Syria, protesting the deteriorating living conditions in the poorly-equipped facilities.

The refugees called on AFAD, UNRWA, and all other concerned parties to take up their responsibilities regarding the squalid conditions they have been struggling with in the poverty-stricken area.

They further called for facilitating their children's access to schools and healthcare services.

Palestinian refugees sheltered in Idlib, AlMuhammadiya Camp, and Deir Ballout Camp, in northern Syria have been enduring a tragic situation. Most of them have been crammed in poorly-equipped tents and denied their rights to vital services.

Hundreds of Palestinian families have been struggling for survival in the poorly-equipped Deir Ballout and Muhammadiya camps, after they were forced out of Yarmouk and southern Damascus towns.

For many displaced Palestinian refugees, the perils of winter weather add to the torment already experienced throughout the conflict.

High rates of unemployment and lack of relief assistance have made the situation far worse for the displaced families.



According to data by the Commission of Palestinians of Syria for Relief and Development, as many as 1,488 Palestinian families have been sheltered in the northern Syrian regions of Idlib, Efrin, and Aleppo's suburbs. The largest number of families are taking refuge in Idlib.

In the meantime, Palestinian refugees from Syria in Jordan received text messages from UNRWA to conduct a family questionnaire through IOD.Parc consulting company.

UNRWA said the poll will help the Agency identify the refugees' satisfaction with UNRWA's emergency services along with their needs.

The number of PRS in Jordan has remained relatively stable for a number of years, with 19,000 PRS recorded with UNRWA until the end of 2021. Of these, 349 reside in King Abdullah Park (KAP), facing movement restrictions and a number of protection concerns.

According to UNRWA, 100% of PRS in Jordan are in need of emergency cash assistance.

More than 2 million Palestine refugees registered with UNRWA live in Jordan.

There are ten recognized Palestine refugee camps throughout the country, which accommodate nearly 370,000 Palestine refugees. Jordan hosts the largest number of Palestine refugees of all of the UNRWA fields.

In the meantime, Palestinian doctor Emad AlDeen Sa'id has been forcibly disappeared in Syrian regime prisons for the tenth consecutive year.

Emad, born in 1987, was arrested at his house in AlHusainiya Camp for Palestinian refugees, in Rif Dimashq, in 2012.

AGPS has documented the secret detention of over 2,000 Palestinian refugees in state-run penal complexes across war-torn Syria, among them 110 women and girls.

AGPS also documented the death of over 550 Palestinian refugees under torture in Syrian government lock-ups, including women, children, and elderly civilians.



Affidavits by ex-detainees provided evidence on the involvement of Syrian government officers in harsh torture tactics, including electric shocks, heavy beating using whips and iron sticks, and sexual abuse against Palestinian detainees, in a flagrant violation of the Convention against Torture and Other Cruel, Inhuman or Degrading Treatment or Punishment, commonly known as the United Nations Convention against Torture (UNCAT).