



التقرير اليومي الخاص بأوضاع اللاجئين الفلسطينيين في سورية

Daily report on the situation of Palestinian refugees in Syria

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"Destroying around 70% of Der'aa, Handarat, and Al Sbeina and about 40% of Yarmouk Buildings"



- Wounds among civilian residents of Al Wafedin camp in Damascus Suburb due to Missiles
- The Syrian Security Carries out Inspection Campaigns in Al Aedin Camp in Homs
- The Palestinian Syrian Refugees in Germany Complain the Delays of the Residency Procedures

Email: Reports@actionpal.org

Mobile: 00447447423737

Phone: 00442084530919 00442084530994



Recent Updates

The Syrian Regime continues to target the Palestinian Refugee Camps in Syria with warplanes, tanks, rockets, explosive barrels, and mortar shells which led to a big destruction to properties and houses of residents, in addition to 3212 victims from the Palestinians of Syria, according to AGPS.



In the southern of Syria in Der'aa Governorate, the eyewitnesses estimated that more than 70% of Der'aa camp's buildings are completely destroyed due to explosive barrels, warplanes raids and the Regular Army continues to cut water on the camp since 749 days which led to the displacement of thousands of refugees from the camp to the surrounding areas and to out of Syria.

In Damascus Suburb, the eyewitnesses' estimates refer that more than 80% of Al Husaineya camp's houses Simi-completely destroyed specially in the area between Mouath Bin Jabal mosque and the Camp's oven" Al Akrad Oven" which forms the western entrance of the camp. The Regular



Army and some loyal Palestinian factions still prevent the residents of Al Sbeina camp to return back to their houses for 896 days after they were forced to leave due to violent clashes between the Regular Army and the Opposition Armed Groups that ended with the complete control of the Regular Army over the camp.

In the northern of Syria, more than 70% of Handarat Camp's buildings are partially and completely destroyed due to rockets and explosive barrels under the pretext of the availability of Armed Opposition Groups in the camp. The suffering of the Palestinian refugees who left Handarat continues since 1089 days respectively, where they left their houses due to the control of the Opposition over their camp.

In Yarmouk camp south of Damascus, about 40% of Yarmouk buildings were completely and partially damaged due to the war machine, where eyewitnesses insured that the area which is located at the beginning of the camp is the most damaged areas because it faces the confrontations between the Regular Army and the Opposition Groups. In the same context, the Regular Army and the PFGC are still imposing a strict siege on the camp since 1042 days respectively, power cut for more than 1103 days, and water cut for 592 days respectively. It is worthy to mention that the other Palestinian Camps and compounds were exposed to explosive barrels, artillery shells, and rockets which caused mass damage to the houses and victims including women and children.

In a related context, Al Wafedin camp in Damascus Suburb was exposed to bombing with mortar shells which led to a number of injuries among



civilians and manipulations in properties, where the Palestinian families live beside the Syrian families and they live in a difficult situation.



In a related context, mortar shells targeted Al Wafedein camp in Damascus suburb yesterday, resulting in a number of wounded among civilians and destruction of property, where Palestinian families live along Syrian families in difficult conditions since the period before war in Syria and the war has increased their suffering, in light of the widespread of unemployment and the loss of financial resources. Moreover, they are suffering of poor security conditions and state of permanent anxiety caused by the shelling of armed opposition groups, where they are targeting Adra central prison adjacent to the camp, and located under the control of the Syrian regime forces.

The AGPS correspondent reported that the Syrian security carries out continuous inspection campaigns at Al Aedein camp in Homs, searching for Palestinian and Syrian refugees who are at the age of military service. The forces inspect the ID's of the passers-by on the streets, shops, and the three crossings, and the vegetable market. He also confirmed that



Syrian security forces arrest the young students of the University despite the official military postponement.

The military service in the ranks of the Palestinian Liberation Army of the Syrian regular army is a mandatory service for Palestinian refugees in Syria, which has forced many young people who refuse to perform military service during the war in Syria, to travel to neighboring countries.

On the other hand, the Palestinian Syrian refugees, who managed to reach Germany, complain of the late issuance of residency which takes in some cases, more than eight months, the thing that reflected negatively on the refugees who are waiting for the reunion of families displaced between Syria, Lebanon, and Turkey. They also complain of economic burden especially with regard to securing living expenses for families who are waiting family reunion, which may take several months.

On the other hand, a large segment of the Palestinian refugees suffered from the consequences of leaving their fingerprints in Italy and other countries, which forced them to leave their fingerprints during their trip to northern Europe, where they are refused asylum requests. The refugee appoints a lawyer to pursue the case, and the refugee shall obtain residency after more than a year, however, in some cases the German states overlooks the fingerprints of Italy.





It is noteworthy that there is no official statistics on the number of Palestinian Syrian refugees in Germany, who are classified as stateless according to German laws, but Germany is committed according to the Geneva Convention, to facilitate the naturalization of stateless persons, based on the German citizenship law in 2000.

Palestinians of Syria; Numbers and Statistics till 22\04\2016:

- *15500 Palestinian Syrian refugees are in Jordan*
- *42.500 Palestinian Syrian refugees are in Lebanon*
- *6000 Palestinian Syrian refugees are in Egypt, according to the UNRWA statistics till July 2015*
- *More than 71.2 thousand Palestinian Syrian refugees have reached Europe till the End of December 2015*
- *The Yarmouk Camp: siege, imposed by the Regular Army and PFGC groups, continued for 1042 consecutive days. Power cut continued for more than 1102 days, water was cut for 592days respectively. The number of siege victims is 186.*
- *Al Sbeina Camp: - Regular Army is still preventing the residents of the camp to return back to their houses for 897days respectively.*
- *Handarat Camp: - All Residents have left the camp for about 1090 days after the Syrian Opposition Groups controlled it.*
- *Dara'a Camp: - It is now almost 750 days without water and almost 70% of its buildings were demolished.*



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- *Jermana, AL Saieda ZAINab, Al Raml, Al Aedein Camps in Homs and Hamma: - A relatively quiet situation in light of the economic crises.*
- *Khan Al Sheih Camp: - Roads linking the camp to the city center are still closed except for Zakia- Khan Al Sheih road.*