



التقرير اليومي الخاص بأوضاع اللاجئين الفلسطينيين في سورية

Daily report on the situation of Palestinian refugees in Syria

TUESDAY 23-12-2014 NO.781

“Many Diseases Appear in the Yarmouk Camp and Fears of Starvation to Death”



- The leader of Al Aqsa brigades affiliated to the armed opposition was killed in Daraa city.
- A member of Fatah –Intifada died in Syria.
- Clashes still continue in the vicinity of Handarat camp in Aleppo.
- Living crises face the refugees in Al Raml camp at Lathakeia.
- Palestinians and Syrians go on hunger strike protesting on their miserable conditions in the Macedonian prison.
- Palestine Charity Committee tries to alleviate the consequences of water cut in the Yarmouk camp.

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Victims

Ammar Abu Sreya was killed during the clashes that broke out at Al Sheikh Mskein town at Daraa city, he is a leader of Abnaa Al Aqsa brigades affiliated on the armed opposition and he is from Daraa camp.

Meanwhile, Mohammed Fayez Ibrahim was killed during the ongoing battles in Syria and he is a member of Fatah-Intifada that fighting alongside with the Syrian regular army in different places in Syria, it is mentioned that the website "Osoud Al Intifada" that published the news of his death did not mentioned the place of death.



Ammar Abu Sreya

Recent Updates

In light of the continued siege imposed by the regular army and groups of the Popular Front - General Command of the Yarmouk camp for Palestinian refugees in Damascus, for 535 days respectively, including 105 days without water, which has led to the spread of many diseases resulted by the lack of water such as kidney, pancreas, or diseases related to hygiene such as skin diseases.

Our correspondent in the camp confirmed that there is a real fear of starvation due to the cut of humanitarian aid and tightening the siege from different entrances, It is noteworthy that the AGPS has documented 157 victims were killed due to lack of nutrition and medical care after the siege imposed on the Yarmouk camp.



In Aleppo, violent clashes still continue in Handarat camp for Palestinian refugees between groups affiliated to the Syrian armed opposition and the regular army alongside with the Palestinian groups loyal to it, where the regular army is trying to impose its control over the camp, which is considered a strategic point for it.

It is worth mentioning that all the people in the camp have been forced to evacuate the camp due to the violent clashes that broke out around 608 days, which ended with the opposition control of the camp.

Turning to Lathakiea, where people of Al Raml camp are living a state of calm, also it is considered a quiet camp compared to other camps, but the suffering of the people concentrated on the standard of living and the economic side, since they suffer from high prices, scarcity of fuels, and unemployment.

On the other hand, about 350 Palestinian and Syrian young detainees in Macedonian prison announced their hunger strike protesting on the continued detention in Macedonian prison in harsh conditions, where the minimum conditions of hygiene and food is not available.

In addition to the small rooms they detained in with large numbers, the hunger strikers demanded their release and allow them to complete their way to Europe, it was referred that Macedonia is one of the points that the refugees pass through it escaping from the war in Syria to Europe and those who take the land road to reach it.

The protesters appealed All institutions and human rights organizations to intervene urgently and immediately to release them and to end their suffering.





Civil Work Committees

Palestine Charity Committee continues to try to provide water for the people of the Yarmouk refugee camp, as part of its try with the relief organizations to mitigate the consequences of water cuts for the camp for 4 months.



The Palestinian Camps in Syria, Numbers and Statistics till 22/12/2014

- *At least 27933 Palestinian Syrian refugees have reached Europe during the last 4 years.*
- *2584 Palestinian refugee victims “as documented by the AGPS” including 157 women, 279 victims were killed due to torture, 268 were killed by sniper shot, 84 refugees were field executed, and 984 refugees were killed due to bombing.*
- ***The Yarmouk Camp:** - Siege, imposed by the Regular Army and PFGC, continued for 535 days respectively. In addition, power cuts continued for more than 616 days, water was cut for 105 days respectively. The number of victims due to the siege has reached 157 victims.*
- *80,000 Palestinian Syrian refugees escaped from Syria to the neighboring towns, including 14348 refugees in Jordan, 42,000 in Lebanon, according to UNRWA statistics till November 2014.*
- ***Al Husayneyya Camp:** - Regular Army is still preventing the residents of the camp to return back to their houses for 437 days respectively.*
- ***Al Sbeina Camp:** - Regular Army is still preventing the residents of the camp to return back to their houses for 407 days respectively.*



<http://www.facebook.com/ActGroup.PalSyria>

- **Handarat Camp:** - Residents have left the camp for **608** days after the Syrian Opposition Groups controlled it.
- **Dara'a Camp:** - It is now almost **252** days without water and **70%** of its buildings were demolished.
- **Jermana, AL Saieda ZAINAB, Al Raml, Al Aedein Camps in Homs and Hamma:** - A relatively quiet situation in light of the economic crises.
- **Khan Al Sheih Camp:** - Roads linking the camp to the center of the city are still closed except for Zakia road.