



التقرير اليومي الخاص بأوضاع اللاجئين الفلسطينيين في سورية

Daily report on the situation of Palestinian refugees in Syria

WEDNESDAY 27-07-2016 NO.1363

"AGPS Documentary Report: Over (3275) victims, (1088) Detainees, and more than (150,000) Displaced People, Half of them Arrived Europe, were Documented until Mid-2016"



- **AGPS Coordinator: Palestinian Camps in Syria Exposed to Several Types of violations**
- **A Refugee from Deraa Camp was killed while Trying to Provide Drinking Water to People of the camp, and another was Killed Due to Shelling of Atarib district in Idlib Suburb**
- **Lebanese Hospital Holds a Corpse of a Palestinian Syrian Refugee, Waiting his Family to pay \$ 14, 000**
- **Aerial Shelling Targets the Outskirt of Khan Al Shieh Camp in Damascus**

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Victims

The Palestinian refugee, Radwan Khalil Al Fashtaki, from Dera'a camp, died due to anti-aircraft shot while he was filling drinking water for the residents of the camp.



The Palestinian refugee, Yehya Desouki, from Neirab camp was killed by shelling that targeted Atarib district in Idlib suburb.

Recent Updates

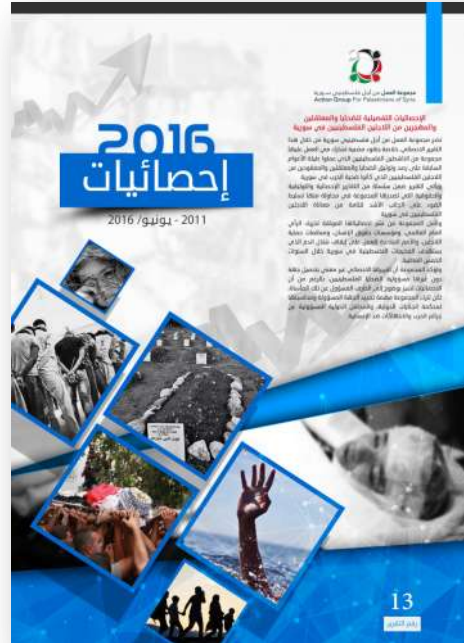
AGPS in London released yesterday evening its documentary report entitled "Detailed Statistics for Victims, Detainees, and Displaced among Palestinian Refugees in Syria until Mid-2016."

The report documents (3275) victims among Palestinian Syrian refugees who were killed for direct reasons, such as shelling, clashes, torture in detention centers, explosions, blockade, and indirect reasons such as drowning during attempts to reach Europe and through what has become known as the "death boats".



The report also documented (1088) Palestinian prisoners in Syrian prisons, including 75 women.

With regard to the Palestinians of Syria who were forced by the war to leave their camps, the report indicates that more than 150,000 Palestinian refugees from Syria has fled to Lebanon, Turkey, Jordan, Egypt, Libya, and Europe, where the largest number arrived in Europe, according to unofficial statistics, more than 80,000 refugees.



In addition, the report provides many documented statistics classified by time, location, gender, age, and time periods.

The Group noted that its report concerns of documenting the statistics of victims among the Palestinian refugees in Syria since the beginning of events until the end of June 2016 and is not concerned with identifying the actual doer.

You can download the electronic copy of the report through the following link:

<http://www.actionpal.org.uk/ar/reports/special/1362016.pdf>



The AGPS coordinator, Ahmed Hussein, confirmed in a statement for "Palestine Newspaper," that the Palestinian camps in Syria were exposed to several types of violations such as bombing, destruction, siege, and starvation, passing through killing, arrest, denial of rights, and torture. "

Hussein added that the Palestinian model in Syria sharply glided for the worst over the years of crisis and war; Palestinians are suffering from the consequences of war and implications more than any Syrian citizen sometimes.

He clarified that the Palestinian refugee was not isolated from the list of targets for the conflict parties in Syria, noting that his presence as minority lacked back and bond make it fact and palatable to be employed in the parties ' agendas.



He assured that the Syrian regime used the Palestinian component to serve its objectives and through the recruiting numbers of Palestinians in the so-called popular committees that support in the confrontation with the opposition forces in control of neighborhoods and areas where



security tension, has contributed to the Palestinian involvement in this work.

Hussein stressed that at the same time opposition groups committed numerous abuses against some camps amount to a crime and murder, some of which contributed to the tragic fate of industry major camps such as Yarmouk camp, stressing that the Palestinian involve in the midst of conflict does not serve the Palestinians as much as serving Western political agendas .

Ahmed Hussein believes that the first responsibility in neutralizing political agendas within placing refugees in the conflict lies on the PLO and the Palestinian Embassy in Damascus, to seek and work to establish camps on the map to find business solutions.

On the other hand, the AGPS correspondent confirmed that Labib Abu Zaher hospital South Lebanon is detaining the corpse of the Palestinian refugee "Khaled Nasser Abu Jeda" who recently died after being shot while moving in one of the lanes of Meia Meia camp in Sidon, South Lebanon, requiring his relatives to pay (21 million LP) equivalent of \$ 14, 000 for that night Abu Jeda spent in ICU at the hospital before he died.

His family appealed the AGPS to intervene and work to bring the body of their son from the hospital.

It should be noted that Labib Hospital has many precedents to hold the bodies of patients, in order to put pressure on the family of the deceased and force them to pay expenses.



The hospital held previously the body of the Palestinian Syrian refugee, Mazen Munir Saleh, from the Yarmouk camp, and refused to hand him over before paying the costs of treatment which amounted to \$ 45,000.



Saleh was injured during clashes between Fatah and Jund al-Sham in Ain al-Hilweh refugee camp, as he was transferred to Labib Abu Dahr hospital in Sidon on 08/22/2015. He had two surgeries in the hospital without improvement and then he died on 09/01/2015.

Turning to Damascus, where Russian and Syrian warplanes launched violent strikes targeting the outskirts of Khan Al Shieh camp and the surrounding towns and farms. The shelling resulted in only material damage, and a state of terror and panic among residents for fear of being targeted again.

This comes in light of the escalating repeated bombing that target the camp and its surroundings with different types of heavy weapons such as air and artillery bombardments on a daily basis.



Palestinians of Syria; Numbers and Statistics till 26\07\2016:

- *15500 Palestinian Syrian refugees are in Jordan*
- *42.500 Palestinian Syrian refugees are in Lebanon*
- *6000 Palestinian Syrian refugees are in Egypt, according to the UNRWA statistics till July 2015*
- *8000 Palestinian Syrian refugees are in Turkey*
- *1000 Palestinian Syrian refugees are in Gaza*
- *More than 71.2 thousand Palestinian Syrian refugees have reached Europe till the End of December 2015*
- *The Yarmouk Camp: siege, imposed by the Regular Army and PFGC groups, continued for 1135 consecutive days. Power cut continued for more than 1196 days, water was cut for 685 days respectively. The number of siege victims is 187.*
- *Al Sbeina Camp: - Regular Army is still preventing the residents of the camp to return back to their houses for 988 days respectively.*
- *Handarat Camp: - All Residents have left the camp for about 1 180 days after the Syrian Opposition Groups controlled it.*
- *Dara'a Camp: - It is now almost 841 days without water and almost 70% of its buildings were demolished.*
- *Jermana, AL Saieda ZAINAB, Al Raml, Al Aedein Camps in Homs and Hamma: - A relatively quiet situation in light of the economic crises.*
- *Khan Al Sheih Camp: - Roads linking the camp to the city center are still closed except for Zakia- Khan Al Sheih road.*